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OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXIX.---NO. 26. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1901. WHOLE NO. 10,662

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Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Rear Admiral Rogers cables to the Navy Department that there is an active insurrection in the island of Samar and that nearly all the naval force is concentrated on the Samar patrol. —— Wages in the Iron Works cotton mills at Fall River will be advanced 5 per cent Nov. 4th. —— Geo. E. Graham, Associated Press correspondent, was a witness in the Schley court of inquiry yesterday. —— Judge J. B. Reagan, the only survivor of the Confederate cabinet of President Jefferson Davis, is dangerously ill. —— In a panic at the Masonic Temple theatre, Louisville, Ky., many people were knocked down and thirteen injured. —— Czolgosz, the condemned, asked for spiritual consolation and was visited by a Roman Catholic priest. —— Madame Taliks, the companion of Miss Stone, captured by brigands, is reported to have died in captivity. —— The American Missionary Association of Congregational churches, in the annual meeting at Chicago, by resolution, last night, approved President Roosevelt's action in entertaining Booker Washington at the White House. —— James D. Richardson, of Tennessee, elected sovereign grand commander of the Scottish rite of Free Masonry for the Southern jurisdiction of the U. S. —— N. Y. markets: Money on call rather firmer at 3@3½ per cent., the last loan being at 3½ per cent.; cotton quiet at 8½c; flour quiet and about steady; wheat—spot market firm, No. 2 red 78¾c; corn—spot steady, No. 2 60½c; oats—spot steady, No. 2 40½@40½c; rosin steady; spirits turpentine steady at 38½@39c.

WEATHER REPORT

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 23.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 57 degrees; 8 P. M., 65 degrees; maximum, 78 degrees; minimum, 54 degrees; mean, 66 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of the month to date, 2.59 inches

Stage of water in the Cape Fear river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 4 1 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Clear pleasant weather is generally reported in the cotton belt. No rain has fallen during the past twenty-four hours.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—For North Carolina: Fair Wednesday and Thursday, light variable winds.

Port Almanac---October 23.

Sun Rises	6.14 A. M.
Sun Sets	5.15 P. M.
Day's Length	11 H. 5 M.
High Water at Southport	2.59 A. M.
High Water Wilmington	5 29 A. M.

The report comes from Pretoria is dead, from a gangrened wound in the shoulder. But these reports are not confirmed.

Football got in its first fatality in Pennsylvania last week. A Philadelphia boy died from a broken neck received in a "rush."

A Washington dispatch says President Roosevelt sought Senator Hanna and asked him to be his adviser. Mr. Roosevelt is playing Mr. Hanna.

South Australian fruit growers ship apples to England. They get five cents a piece for them and they are not near as good as the apples we grow in North Carolina.

California papers say that crude oil is saving the forests of that State, by supplying the demands for fuel. This is a greater gain than the money derived from the oil.

Gen. Buller, who created such a furor in Europe by a recent after-dinner speech about the Boer war, threatens to make another speech and what bothers them is how to head him off.

Mr. Ferrow, of Philadelphia, will henceforth not be so glad to meet Miss Edith Boone. When he met her sometime ago he squeezed her hand so hard that she sued him for damages and got $25.

Some things Mark Hanna is responsible for and some things he is not. He is not responsible for the fact that 500 children have been named after him. It was the children's misfortune, and not Mark Hanna's fault, that they had silly parents.

When Mark Twain sailed into Croker and read Burke's arraignment of Warren Hastings as his arraignment of Croker he was rather overdoing the borrowing and impeachment business. But may be that was one of Mark's jokes.

To head off a threatened incursion of miners from Nome into Siberia, where gold is said to abound, the Russian Government has issued an order prohibiting Americans from making explorations on their own account or on account of any one else.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mrs. J. V. Grainger is visiting friends in Baltimore, Md.

— Col. Walker Taylor is in New York on a business trip.

— Capt. W. R. Kenan has gone to New York for a few days.

— Mr. and Mrs. L. Bluethenthal are in New York for a visit.

— Miss Lucy McIntosh left yesterday to visit friends during the State Fair.

— Mrs. J. T. Burke is visiting her mother, Mrs. A. J. Ray, of Raleigh.

— Mr. and Mrs. Herbert McClammy are in New York to spend a few days.

— The many friends of Mr. James Northam will be sorry to learn that he is in the city, very ill.

— Mr. Z. W. Whitehead and little son returned last night from a hunting trip to Ashton, N. C.

— Miss Ada Wallace, of Wallace, N. C., has returned home after a pleasant visit to friends in the city.

— Capt. H. O. McArthur left yesterday for Suffolk, Va., to attend court as a witness for the Atlantic Coast Line.

— Mr. Willie Grant left last night to take work in the A. C. L. shops at Florence. He has been in the Coast Line shops here for several months.

THE CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE UNION.

[Communicated.]

Discerning the signs of the times, a band of earnest women organized a Woman's Christian Temperance Union in this city. They desire the co-operation of others, and state their aims.

With no political axe to grind or smashing campaign to inaugurate, their sole purpose is to protect and help the tempted, especially our youth, from the enticements that church, State and society indifferently regard. Ordinary intelligence and observation will show the need of such a move. Every year an average of sixty thousand drunkards bury their ruined lives in the darkness of the grave.

A good woman's influence is worth too much to waste in the discussion of the exact analysis of Cana wine miraculously made of water, or to risk offering an intoxicating beverage to one who has long been considered a "respectable moderate drinker."

The members of the W. C. T. U. would by precept and example excite all their influence in behalf of purity and temperance.

Only by avoiding the appearance of evil in private and public can this be done. The hostess who has the courage to discard the punch bowl and its kindred—the woman who dares declare her temperance principles—will strengthen the weak will just ready to yield to the fatal cup, that at last "biteth like a serpent and stingeth like an adder."

"Thou sparkling bowl! thou sparkling bowl!
Tho' lips of hards thy brim may press,
And eyes of beauty o'er the roll,
And song and dance thy power confess,
I will not touch thee, for there clings
A scorpion to thy side that stings."

When the moral sentiment of the home is safe there will be less demand for outside supply.

"Cleanse first that which is *within* the cup and platter, that the outside of them may be clean also." Mothers, wives, daughters, sisters! have you none to guard or rescue?

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Two Unimportant Sales Were Recorded at the Court House Yesterday.

By deeds filed for record at the Court House yesterday the following transfers of real estate appear:

J. J. Clemmons and wife to L. D. Bordeaux, parcel of land on east side of Second street between Dawson and Wright streets, 34x165 feet in size; consideration, $65.

New Hanover Transit Company to Isabella C. Smallbones, parcel of land on Carolina Beach; consideration, $5.

Visit Old Battlefields.

Capt. Walter G. MacRae and Capt. James I. Metts, accompanied by Capt. MacRae's niece, Miss Elizabeth Payne, left yesterday morning via the Atlantic Coast Line for Virginia, where they will visit some of the old battlefields with which they were so familiar during the late Civil War. They will visit Chancellorsville, Gettysburg and other prominent scenes of strife.

Death of an Infant.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Paxton, cottage No. 4, Delgado, have the sympathy of friends in the death late Monday afternoon of their little son, Kenneth Ray, aged 15 months. The funeral was conducted by Rev. L. B. Boney at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon and the interment was in Bellevue cemetery.

Petition in Voluntary Bankruptcy.

Rochelle & Gornto, general merchants of Maple Hill, N. C., have filed a petition in voluntary bankruptcy with the clerk of the United States Court in this city. The assets are $1,000 with liabilities about $700. Their attorney is C. D. Weeks, Esq., of this city.

News of the Shipping.

The schooner *Venus* arrived yesterday from Baltimore; also the schooner *Nokomis* from New York to Messrs. J. T. Riley & Co. The schooner *Clarence A. Shafner* was cleared for St. George, Grenada, with a cargo of lumber and shingles consigned by the Chadbourn Lumber Co.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Clyde Line—Sailing days.
Opera House—Dixie Stock Co.
J. Hargrove Taylor—Commissioner's sale.

THE SALE CONFIRMED

Wilmington Street Railway Company Passes Into Hands of Hugh MacRae & Co.

THEIR BID WAS $101,500.

Nothing Definite Yet as to Purpose of the Purchasers to Convert the Seacoast Road Into Trolley System—It Will Cost $100,000.

It may be announced upon perfectly reliable authority that the recent sale of the Wilmington Street Railway Company to Messrs. Hugh MacRae & Co., bankers and brokers, has been confirmed.

The opinion of many has been all along that the sale would not be confirmed, but it now appears that the unexpected has happened. The system was bid in at a sale in this city on October 7th, under decree of a foreclosure sale made by the Eastern District Circuit Court in a case brought by the Morton Trust Company, of New York, to compel payment of interest and principal of the bonds under the terms of agreement entered into between the road and the bondholders. The purchasers were Hugh MacRae & Co., and the amount paid was $101,500.

As far as can be learned there was no objection to the confirmation, and the necessary papers passed through the office of the deputy clerk of the court, in this city, without the hearing by Judge Purnell in Raleigh, for which there was no necessity, no objection having been made.

The following special telegram was received by the STAR last night from its correspondent in Raleigh:

RALEIGH, N. C., Oct. 22.—Judge Purnell is at Elizabeth City this week holding court. To-day was set apart to show cause, if any, why the sale of the Wilmington Street Railway to Hugh MacRae & Co., should not be confirmed. If there was a hearing as to the matter it was in Elizabeth City.

Mr. Hugh MacRae was here to-day attending a meeting of the North Carolina Railroad Board of Directors. He left this afternoon for New York. He discussed the Street Railway matter with your correspondent but did not mention any confirmation. He spoke of the purchase, however, as settled and expected very soon to know positively as to whether the company will put a trolley line on the Seacoast road. He seemed sure that it would. He intimated that certain co-operation on the part of residents on the sound and beach was necessary to assure the change which would cost a hundred thousand dollars.

JOHN ROBINSON IN FAYETTEVILLE.

Immense Crowds Present Yesterday to Witness the Performance.

Parties who came down from Fayetteville last night say that an immense crowd of people saw the exhibition by John Robinson's shows in that city yesterday afternoon and were fairly well pleased with the perform ance. Two special trains consisting of 40 cars were operated by the A. C. L. from Wilson to Fayetteville for the purpose of transporting the circus paraphernalia and at least 5,000 people saw the show.

The Fayetteville *Observer* of yesterday afternoon says that there was a larger crowd of people on the streets than was ever seen in Fayetteville on "circus day" before. The *Observer* also has the following concerning a rumor which has reached Wilmington:

"The report that there were nothing but reserved seats, and those at an extra cost of 50 cents, proved incorrect here, as only about one-fifth of the seats were reserved, and certain of the reserved seats could be had on payment of the usual 25 cents extra."

THE JOHN ROBINSON SHOWS.

A Gorgeous, Sumptuous and Impressive Augmentation Coming On Nov. 4th.

The acme of scenic splendor was reached when John Robinson produced the great spectacle of Solomon, his temple and the Queen of Sheba.

No court was greater in all that pertained to magnificence than Solomon's, and as historically reproduced with dozens of calcium and vari-colored lights on the brilliant costumes and scintilating armor, it has received unstinted praise from all who have been fortunate enough to witness the grand spectacle.

The circus has been characterized as the most interesting in its unexceptional features and in the general excellence of its ring performances. The menagerie is large and comprehensive and includes living specimens of the rarest beasts, birds, reptiles and amphibi.

The colossal Roman hippodrome is in itself a feature that has no duplication and carries the spectator back to Imperial Ceasar's day.

The show will exhibit at Wilmington on Monday, Nov. 4th.

Rev. Mr. George Undecided.

Newbern *Journal*: "Rev. T. M. N. George at the morning service, Christ Episcopal Church, Sunday, made a few remarks relative to the call received by him from St. James' Episcopal Church at Wilmington and stated that he was considering the matter but was unable as yet to announce his determination in the matter."

If you want a good likeness as well as an artistic photograph get the "New School Platinum." at Taylor's Studio.

OPERA HOUSE LAST NIGHT.

Dixie Stock Company in Clever Presentation of "My Partner"—Rip Van Winkle the Bill To-night.

Another good sized audience was delighted by the Dixie Stock Company last night. "My Partner," a bill of Western type and possessing the usual element that hovers around the mine, was presented in a splendid manner. The members of the cast again met all requirements and received much appreciative applause from the audience.

Especially praiseworthy was the work of Mr. James G. Morton and Mr. Ed. Dupont. These two gentlemen, each in strong contrast to the other, one portraying emotion and the other comedy, were decidedly finished in conception and execution of difficult roles. The former was really able in presenting the character of Joe, while the latter was up to the very pinnacle as *MajorBritt* Mr. E. J. Lee made a good *Ned* and Mr. Jack Mahoney an exceptional fine chink.

The specialties all differed from those of the night before. Again in the lead appeared Miss Lillian Mack with her popular illustrated songs. Especially fine was her rendition of the popular ballad, "He Laid Away a Suit of Gray to Wear the Union Blue."

To-day the company gives two performances. At special matinee this afternoon the pleasing comedy, "The Circus Girl," will be presented and to-night "Rip Van Winkle" will be the bill.

STOLE WATCHES AND DIAMONDS.

Negro Servant Arrested and Charged With Larceny From Residence of Employer.

Martha Clark, colored, residing on Sixth, near Walnut street, and employed for a time as a servant at the residence of Mr. William H. Konig, No. 826 North Fourth street, has been arrested and placed in jail charged with stealing from her employer a silk umbrella, a black skirt, a lady's belt, a lady's gold watch, two diamond rings and another ring with turquoise setting.

Mrs. Konig has been sick for the past several weeks and during her illness the negro had access to the house without fear of her misappropriations being immediately detected. She at first stole the umbrella, later the skirt and belt and subsequently went into a jewelry box in a bureau of one of the rooms and stole the rings, watch, etc.

Mr. Konig says many other articles are missing and there is evidence of systematic stealing for some time. The Clark woman denies having stolen anything but evidence will be introduced to show that she told another negro at church that the rings had been given to her by Mrs. Konig. The negro is from the country.

ENGINEER PEMBERTON'S SUIT.

Case for Damages Against A. C. L. Set for Trial Next Tuesday.

Cumberland Superior Court, Judge Thos. A. McNeill presiding, is now in session at Fayetteville and will continue for two weeks. At present the court is engaged in hearing a damage suit brought by H. R. Townsend against the Western Union Telegraph Company. One of the most important suits of the term is that brought by Engineer J. A. Pemberton against the A. C. L. R. R. Co. The Fayetteville *Observer* of yesterday afternoon has the following in reference to it:

"The most important case for trial at this term, and what promises to be one of the most interesting suits ever heard in North Carolina is that of Mr. J. A. Pemberton, against the Atlantic Coast Line railroad, for $100,000, for injuries, received in the wreck at Teacheys. Engineer Pemberton, it will be remembered, was running the engine of a freight train that crushed into the rear of another freight, and he had to jump to save his life. He, however, received severe injuries, which his physicians declare disable him for life. The plaintiff alleges that the accident was caused by the negligence of one of the crew of the train ran into. This case is set for next Tuesday, and some of the most prominent legal talent in the State will be employed on both sides, and there will be a host of expert medical testimony."

MARRIED IN RICHMOND, VA.

Miss Nessie Wescott Became Bride of Mr. Fowler, of St. Louis.

Numerous friends in the city will be interested in the announcement that on Monday afternoon at 6 o'clock at the home of her sister, Mrs. E. Maury Frye, Richmond, Va., Miss Nessie Wescott, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Wescott, of this city, was married to Mr. Herbert H. Fowler, of St. Louis, Mo. Miss Wescott had been visiting in Richmond for some time. The news of her marriage was rather unexpected by a number of her friends in Wilmington.

Reception by Mrs. Borden.

Mrs. Herbert L. Borden gave an elaborate reception at her home, No. 511 Dock street, yesterday afternoon between the hours of 5 and 7 o'clock in honor of her brother, Mr. Robert Strange Maffitt, and bride, who are spending a part of their honeymoon at Mr. Maffitt's Southern home before returning to New York. A number of invitations were issued and the event was one of the most delightful social functions of the early Fall.

For LaGrippe and Influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.
For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

KILLED BY AN ENGINE

George W. Price, Well Known Colored Man, Met Almost Instant Death.

ON THE COAST LINE YARDS.

Attempted to Cross in Front of Locomotive and Was Run Over Yesterday Evening at 7 O'clock Near Worth's Ice Factory.

George W. Price, an influential colored citizen of Wilmington and for many years a justice of the peace of the county, was run over by a shifting engine in the A. C. L. yards here last night about 7:30 o'clock, receiving injuries from which he died at the Walker Memorial Hospital a few minutes after being transferred there in the city ambulance.

No one witnessed the tragedy and particulars of the accident are meagre. Price was just starting to cross the A. C. L. yards, going over into "Brooklyn," at a point just below Worth's ice factory on Second street. He had not crossed the first track of the many on the yards when he was struck by a shifting engine in charge of Engineman Smith and all his lower limbs were terribly mangled and bruised. Both legs were cut off about half way between the knees and ankles; both thighs were broken in two or three places and his right hand was badly crushed. None of the train crew knew of the accident until the "shifter" and several cars had passed over the colored man. They were then attracted by the cries and groans of the wounded man beside the track. It was found that one of Price's feet had become fastened between a guard rail at the switch and the main track. His shoe and one of his legs was taken from between the rails after the accident.

Dr. F. H. Russell was quickly summoned to the wounded negro and later Dr. D. W. Bulluck assisted in giving him temporary surgical attention. He was then sent to the hospital but he died in a few minutes after reaching there and before the surgeons had time to dress the wounds. The body was later sent to Price's home on Eighth and Swann streets.

Price was about 57 years of age and leaves a wife and several children, among them being a grown son. For years he conducted a second-hand house furnishing store and cabinet shop. Only a few months ago he moved his place of business from near Fourth street bridge to Sixth between Swann and Nixon streets. He was a member of the colored Masonic order and was prominent in other secret societies and industrial enterprises conducted by colored people.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Christian Science service this evening at 8 o'clock at the Masonic Temple, Room No. 10.

— The Wilmington Sewerage Company now has pipe laid on Dock street from Fourth to Front. The work is progressing very rapidly.

— Cotton on the local market yesterday declined to 7¾ cents for middling. The receipts were 5,444 bales, the heaviest of the season thus far.

— Mrs. Kate Williams, widow of the late Wm. Thos. Williams, died at 12:30 this morning at her residence on Fifth and Queen streets, after a long and painful illness; aged 49 years.

— Alderman Louis H. Skinner has been appointed a marshal for the Cumberland County Fair at Fayetteville next month. The appointment is by Capt. J. B. Smith, chief marshal.

— Chairman McEachern and County Commissioner F. A. Montgomery went to the country yesterday to look after repairs to the county line fence from Scott's Hill to the water line.

— The Baptist Young People's Union did not meet last night on account of the joint service to be held with the regular prayer meeting of the First Baptist Church Thursday night. The union service will be conducted by Dr. Blackwell.

— Willie T. Hines, a negro boy, has been arrested by City Detective Robert Green on the charge of being implicated in the robbery of the Rogers' residence on Ann street Sunday afternoon. He and the negro Walter Hays will likely be tried in the municipal court at noon to-day.

— Only business of a routine nature was conducted at the regular quarterly meeting of the board of directors of the Associated Charities yesterday morning. Present at the meeting were Dr. A. D. McClure, Dr. C. S. Blackwell, Rev. J. H. Hall, Col. A. M. Waddell and Mr. J. H. Boatwright.

NORTH CAROLINA STATE FAIR.

Attendance is Breaking All Records—The State Historical Society.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Oct. 22.—The attendance at the State Fair to-day broke all first-day precedents. It is pronounced by all the best Fair ever held in the State. All incoming trains were crowded.

The State Literary and Historical Society to-night at its annual meeting decided to celebrate annually in the future the landing of Raleigh's colony on Roanoke Island.

PAN-AMERICAN MEDALS.

One Awarded to Spiritline Chemical Co. for Products of Wood Distillation.

Among those who received awards at the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo are the following North Carolinians:

Gold Medal—Awarded Joseph Hyde Pratt, of Chapel Hill, for exhibit of North Carolina gems and gem materials and a collection of corrundum specimens from all parts of the world.

Silver Medal—Awarded Spiritline Chemical Company, Wilmington, for exhibit of derivatives from distillation of wood.

Bronze Medal—Awarded W. L. Petty & Co., Rocky Mount, for exhibit of leaf tobacco.

The New Bank Building.

Work has begun on excavations for the new building which the Murchison National Bank will construct on the "Dickinson lot" at Front and Chestnut streets. It is expected that the new building will be ready for occupancy April 1st, 1902.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Help Wanted.

A young man, 15 to 17 years of age, a resident of Wilmington, who can set type or desires to learn, is wanted as copy boy at the
oct 8 tf STAR OFFICE.

Opera House
DIXIE STOCK CO.
Matinee this afternoon at 3 o'clock.
"THE CIRCUS GIRL."
TO-NIGHT
"RIP VAN WINKLE"
Popular Prices.
Matinee—10 and 20 cents.
Night—10, 20 and 30 cents.
New specialties each performance, oct 21 tf

FOUNDED 1842.
STIEFF PIANOS.
Have been made for 60 years by Chas. M. Stieff. You secure the old reliable and world-renowned Piano direct from factory; save the dealer's profit and get an instrument that will stand the seashore climate. Prices and terms reasonable.
CHAS. M. STIEFF,
Piano Mfgr., Baltimore, Md.
P. M. ASBURY,
Special Representative.
Bell 'Phone 156. oct 22 tf

Ladies and Gentlemen.
We will call your attention to our Grand Opening of a fine and
Up-to-Date Line of Furniture,
Stoves, Crockery, Lamps, etc. Also, we will give 15 per cent. discount on all sales for the first thirty days (of our Opening).
A. M. SUSMAN FURNITURE CO.,
110 and 112 Market Street,
oct 6 tf Wilmington, N. C.

FOR SALE
At The Unlucky Corner.
One Large, Handsome
FAMILY HORSE,
Suitable for surry or wagon. Sound, healthy, gentle.
Plenty of North Carolina Apples and Hams.
S. W. SANDERS,
Both Phones 109 oct 1 tf

N. C. Red Rust Proof Oats.
We have succeeded in securing a lot of these famous Seed Oats for Fall sowing.
Bagging, Ties, Salt, Molasses,
and a general line of
Groceries and Provisions.
Let us submit samples and prices.
HALL & PEARSALL,
(INCORPORATED.)
Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants. oct 11 tf

Huyler's Candies.
FRESH EVERY WEEK.
Lowney's Chocolates and Bon Bons.
HOME-MADE CANDY
15c per pound.
Fruits of All Kinds.
Ice Cream,
ANY FLAVOR.
J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.,
204 Princess Street.
Bell 'Phone 686. Inter-State 132.
oct 12 tf

New Goods.
Bagging and Ties,
New Mullets,
FIRST PAT. FLOUR,
2ND PAT. FLOUR,
STRAIGHT FLOUR,
SUGAR, COFFEE, RICE,
MEAL, GRITS, MOLASSES,
WHEAT BRAN,
CANNED GOODS, SOAP,
LYE, STARCH, SALT, &c.
Send me your orders.
Special attention given to consignments.
S. P. McNAIR.
an 28 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Commissioner's Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, made in the case of Susan R. Megginey and F. M. Galloway, plaintiffs against J. W. Monk, the undersigned Commissioner appointed by said decree will sell to the highest bidder for cash, on Monday, November the 25th, 1901, at the Court House door in the City of Wilmington, N. C., at 12 o'clock M., the following subdivisions of land constituting one tract:

1st.—A tract beginning on the north side of the plank road leading from Wilmington to Scott's Hill at a stake on a tract of land formerly owned by J. L. Keen, at his corner on the plank road and running thence down said road S. 75 W. 210 feet to a stake by the side of said road; thence N. 5 W. 430 feet to a stake in said Keen's line; thence N. 78 E. 210 feet to a stake in said Keen's line, and thence with said line to the beginning, containing two acres.

2nd.—Another tract on the east side of Green's Mill Pond, beginning at the southwest corner of a tract of land formerly owned by John K. Currie on the north side of the plank road, and running thence north 17 W. 30 poles to a stake; thence N. 78½ E. and parallel with the plank road 102½ poles; thence S. 12 E. 32½ poles to the plank road, and thence S. 75¼ W. 96½ poles, to the beginning, corner of J. K. Currie's line.

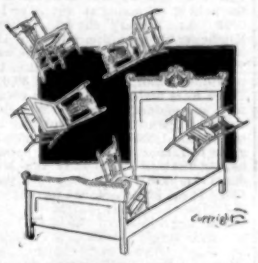
3rd.—Another tract beginning at a stake on the old Newbern road, and running thence with said road N. 67 W. 25 poles to a stake; thence S. 35½ E. 101 poles to the plank road; thence with the plank road N. 77½ E. 29 poles to a stake and thence to the beginning.

4th.—Another tract one and one-half miles from the City of Wilmington, between the Newbern road and the plank road, and beginning in the southern line of the Newbern road at the northwest corner of a tract of land conveyed by S. A. Currie to Thomas Monk, and running thence with Monk's line S. 5 E. 30 chains and ten links to the corner of a tract of land formerly owned by one Lamb; thence with Lamb's line S. 61 W. 4 chains and 50 links; thence with another of Lamb's lines S. 5 E. 6 chains and fifty links to the plank road; thence S. 79 W. ten chains and fifty links to a small pine, Monk's corner of a 25-acre tract purchased from T. H. Smith; thence N. 14½ W. 30 chains and 58 links, to the beginning; containing 49 1-10 acres.

5th.—Another tract beginning at the east end of the plank road bridge, as it formerly stood—high water mark—Hill W. King's line, and running thence with his line—high water mark—northwardly to the end of a big ditch near where the butcher pen stood; thence westwardly and parallel with the plank road to the run or creek of the mill pond; thence southwardly with the meanderings of said Green's mill pond, run or creek to the line of the plank road bridge, as it formerly stood and thence eastwardly with said line of said bridge to the beginning, containing by estimation two acres.

6th.—And one other tract, beginning at a point on the eastern shore of Green's mill pond, and running thence N. 83 E. 6 chains to Monk's corner; thence N. 15 W. 30 chains and 66 links to the Newbern road; thence with said road to the mill pond, and thence with the meanderings of the mill pond to the beginning at the plank road bridge, containing by estimation 30 acres. Said subdivisions to be sold as one entire tract.

J. HARGROVE TAYLOR,
oct 22 3tt we Commissioner.



FURNITURE IS THROWN AROUND regardless of consequences in some homes and only furniture that is strong and well made will last and not show the hard usage. That kind of
FURNITURE
is here. We have it in a variety of styles. For Parlor, Dining Room, Bedroom and Kitchen. Costs less than it seems possible for good furniture to be made for, but here it is, at
MUNROE & KELLY'S,
No. 17 South Front street.
Bell 'Phone 115. oct 3 tf

Mullets!
NEW CATCH JUST IN.
Also Fish Barrels for packing Mullets.
Salt in 200 lbs., 180 lbs. and 100 lbs. Sacks.
We also have a full line of Groceries such as
Flour, Sugar, Rice,
Coffee, Cakes, Candy, Sardines and Oysters, Virginia Water Ground Meal
and most any other thing that you can find in the grocery line. All of which we offer to the trade at living prices.
Williams Bros.
Sep 28 tf

MICHIGAN FLOUR.
118 Barrels 1-16 Flour,
247 Barrels 1-8 Flour,
211 Barrels ¼ Flour,
184 Barrels ½ Flour,
495 Barrels half Patent.
143 Barrels Bunker Hill.
218 Cases Fancy Tomatoes.
247 Cases ¼ Sardines,
108 Cases Table Peaches.
103 Cases Pie Peaches.
All up-to-date goods.
W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer.
oct 19 tf 308, 310, 312 Nutt street, Wilmington, N. C.

Attention, Merchants!
We extend to you all a cordial welcome to our city during Carnival week, and ask that you make our store your headquarters while in the city. Our travelling men will all be in the city and will be glad to show you the sights. Be sure and call on us.
D. L. CORE CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERIES AND DRUGS,
120, 122 and 124 North Water Street,
oct 23 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Black Maria
Is all the go. The best Twist Chewing Tobacco on the market. I am able to supply my customers in any size lots.
Molasses and Syrup.
Bargains in Porto Rico, New Orleans and Cuba Molasses. Any grades at lowest prices.
Heavy, Fancy and staple Groceries of all kinds. Write for prices or call!
PETER McQUEEN, Jr.,
Staple and Fancy Groceries,
No. 108 North Water St.
oct 1 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Still Going at New York Cost.

We have moved our large stock of Dry Goods, Notions, etc, to our upstairs floors, from next door; and have nice easy rising steps, so that you will have to make but little effort to see the Real Values that await you. Our purpose is to let the retail trade have the full benefit of the Close Out Sale, and judging from the crowds we have, the public appreciates it, and the people are benefitting themselves. We have DEAD LOADS of great values to sell yet, so come and get your share.

Our Shoe Business is Booming also, and why? Because our customers say we sell the Best Shoes Made for the money we charge.

We extend a cordial welcome to the Elks and everybody else.

Mercer & Evans Co.'s
DEPARTMENT STORES.
oct 12 tf

CARNIVAL VISITORS.
Enjoy yourselves, and buy the best on earth in
"CREMO,"
"CUBAN BLOSSOM"
CIGARS.
"MATCH IT"
CHEROOT.
"CREMO,"
"CUBAN BLOSSOM,"
"MATCH IT."
The greatest sellers in the town, and kept by all stores and everywhere Cigars are sold
Vollers & Hashagen,
oct 13 tf

"KIM,"

Kipling's Latest Book.

"Blennerhassett," by Chas. Felton Pidgin.
"The Eternal City," by Hall Caine.
"The Cavalier," by George W. Cable.
"The Tempting of Father Anthony."
"The Old Plantation," by Aviretl.
"Cinderilla," by Crockett.
"Tristram of Blent," by Anthony Hope.
"Understudies," by Mary E. Wilkins.
"Flood-Tide," by Green.
"Lazarre," by Cotherwood.
"Foma Gordyeeff," by Gorky.

All the above and many other new Books just received.
C. W. YATES & CO.
oct 20 tf

SEASONABLE GOODS
MULLETS, new catch.
Best Cream Cheese,
Martin's Gilt Edge Butter,
Bagging and Ties.
SALT.
A GENERAL LINE OF CASE GOODS DEMAND AT THIS SEASON.
Sole agents for
ROB ROY FLOUR.
McNAIR & PEARSALL.
sep

FRESH BUTTER MILK
MADE DAILY.
SKIMMED MILK
5 Cents Quart.
E. WARREN & SON.
oct 22 1y

Flower Seed and Bulbs.
New Stock; Selected Varieties.
Dutch, Roman and Italian Hyacinth Bulbs, all colors; Tulip Bulbs all colors and shapes; Chinese Sacred Lilies, extra large Bulbs; Evergreen Lawn Grass Seed. Now is the time to plant all of the above to get good results. Call at
HARDIN'S PALACE PHARMACY.
oct 23 tf 126 South Front street.

Printer Wanted.
Wanted, a first class compositor who has had experience on a daily morning paper. Must have good recommendations as to habits and qualifications.
Apply at, or address the
oct 3 tf MORNING STAR.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCT. 23.

OPPOSED TO THE GREENBACKS.

It is quite apparent from the proceedings of the Bankers' meeting, held last week in Milwaukee, that a strong effort will be made to retire the greenbacks. In his address Secretary Gage laid particular stress on this and doubtless the majority of the bankers present agreed with him. It is easy to understand why the bankers should favor it, because the proposition is to substitute national bank notes for the retired greenbacks, thus giving the banks control of all the paper currency in the country, with the exception of the gold and silver certificates.

As a business proposition it is doubtless a very good one for the banks. But it is not so apparent why those who are not identified with the banks should desire it. There are now outstanding about $346,000,000 of greenbacks. They are in every respect the equal of either gold or silver, and in ordinary business transactions are preferred to either. They are to all intents and purposes gold or silver certificates because when presented at the Treasury they may be exchanged for either. Another thing about them is that the volume cannot be reduced except by redemption, or by being locked up. But if they are redeemed it can be only by exchanging them for gold in the Treasury, or for some other kind of money if taken by banks, so that whether redeemed or exchanged for speculative or other purposes some other kind of money goes into circulation in place of them.

As far as their use as currency goes they have stood the test and held their own with both gold and silver. Their standing as money in the full sense has never been questioned. They buy as much of any commodity as gold or silver; they pay debts and taxes as well as gold or silver; may be presented at a U. S. Treasury and be exchanged for gold or silver, and therefore the people of the country consider them just as good for all purposes of business as coin of either kind, and have not asked and do not want them retired. They are based on the credit of the Government, and while the patriotism of the people sustains the Government and its credit the greenback will always keep abreast of the best money in the world.

Why, then, should a currency like this be retired and give way to other kinds of notes, the volume of which could be controlled by corporations whose interests would be best subserved by a limited rather than a liberal volume of currency? These are days of combination. With the volume of paper currency in the control of the banks, and nothing to prevent them from contracting and expanding it as their interests might suggest why might we not look for a consolidation of the leading banks just as we have had consolidations of leading railroad lines, of leading steel plants and other industries, thus putting the money of the country practically in the control of a few men who formed this banking combine which would have the smaller banks in its power, just as the railroad combines have the smaller railroads, and the steel combines have the smaller steel plants in their power?

It might be urged that the great banks would not abuse the power they would have because in the long run it would not be to their interest to do it even if they had the disposition; but that is neither here nor there; it is putting the power into their hands which is to be guarded against, for with power there is temptation and there is no telling when it may be abused. We know that the industrial combines which have been organized have taken advantage of the power they have to run up prices and make enormous profits out of the American people, and bankers are just as human and just as susceptible to temptation as the gentlemen who organize and run these industrial combines.

Men who have the making of the laws and are supposed to guard the interests of the people should not take anything for granted nor trust to the unselfishness or patriotism of men in matters of money, for when the average conscience wrestles with dollars, there is great danger of the dollar coming out on top, especially when helped by legislation which puts it in a respectable and lawful attitude.

No political party in this country has ever dared to put the word "retire" in its platform; it has never been an issue in our political campaigns; no popular assemblage that we have ever heard of has demanded that the greenbacks be retired, and the only demand ever made has been by parties whose interests might be subserved by retiring them. Under these circumstances we think the gentlemen in Congress will think twice before they leap, and do a great deal of it before they are prevailed upon to tackle the greenback.

HARD TO WIPE OUT.

The more Great Britain sees of the war with the Boers the more perplexed she becomes and the more she realizes that the end is not yet in sight, notwithstanding all the reports to the contrary. She has now in the field 200,000 troops with 450 big guns, and yet she is about to send 29,000 more men to help those 200,000 to fight the plucky remnants of the Boer armies.

The British war managers do not seem to have ever known the number of fighters the Boers had in the field and do not now know the number they have and that is one of the puzzles that perplexes them. As bearing upon this the following which we clip from the Baltimore *Sun*, condensed from an article in the Edinburg *Scotsman*, will be interesting:

"The Edinburgh *Scotsman* publishes a table of the Boer casualties, or losses, since July 1 last, as reported by General Kitchener, not including those of the sanginary fights at Itala and Prospect. The total of killed, wounded, prisoners and voluntary surrenders, as given, 6,346, or, if Itala and Prospect be included, 6,846. The aggregate of killed in the three months was 785; wounded, 671; prisoners, 3,945; voluntary surrenders, 1,445. Previous to July 1, in the first six months of the present year, there were reported killed 525; wounded, 290; prisoners, 3,538; voluntary surrenders, 1,319. The total for the nine months ended September 30 is 12,518. Deducting wounded, who presumably remained uncaptured, the total diminution of the Boer fighting force in that period was 11,857. As some eight or ten thousand are supposed to be still in arms, the fighting force must have exceeded somewhat the ordinary estimates. Commonly the military age is supposed to embrace only the years between 18 and 45, but among the Boers there is no recognized limit, boys of 15 and old men of 75 being found among the prisoners taken. To be added also are the foreign recruits and the Dutch recruits from Cape Colony and Natal, estimated to exceed 14,000. If to this figure be added the number commonly said to have been of "military age" in 1899, the number of fighters below and above the military age and the number reaching the fighting age since 1899 a grand total of 85,000 is obtained for the aggregate Boer fighting force first and last.

"What has become of this aggregate if the present number of Boers in the field be estimated at not over 10,000? As already shown, General Kitchener claims a diminution of 11,857 in the last nine months of the war. The number of prisoners taken in the previous 15 months was about 30,000. There were besides some 3,000 voluntary surrenders, some 1,500 killed, some 3,000 who died of camp diseases, besides the 1,000 taken by the Portuguese to Lisbon. The number permanently disabled by wounds and accidents can hardly have been less than 500. These items account for but 59,857 Boer fighters out of the estimated aggregate of 85,000. There is accordingly still a margin of 25,143 men and boys upon which the Boer leaders may draw, if the above estimates are approximately correct, to say nothing of future recruits from Cape Colony and Europe. It is possible that the total available Boer strength has been exaggerated and that their losses from battle, accident and disease have been underestimated, but in any case it seems probable that the patriot army is considerably larger than the British suppose. The recent attacks on British detachments were made at points hundreds of miles apart and by bodies said to be 1,500 to 2,000 strong—a fact inconsistent with the idea that only a few small bands now hold the field."

The war has entered upon its third year. In that time England has sent into South Africa about 325,000 men, more than four times the estimated number of fighting strength of the Boers at the beginning of the war, counting the young boys and old men. And yet with all her resources, and all the losses by the Boers, as given in the figures above, they are holding out with amazing pertinacity, and worrying England as she was never worried before. No wonder she is perplexed and beginning to realize the "humanity staggering" cost of that attempted grab of Boer territory. And the end is not yet. She is not done paying in either men or money.

SOLD HIS ANGORAS.

In reply to the inquiry in an editorial in the STAR sometime ago, in reference to the Angora goat ranch in Cumberland county, the Fayetteville *Observer* says:

"The wealthy Northerner, Mr. Main, who started the goat farm in this section, recently sold the entire herd of Angoras to a Virginia man at a profit, and is now experimenting in sheep raising. He says that, though he felt assured that he would have made a success with his Angoras in the end, they were too much trouble, and he had so much bad luck with them that, when he received such a good offer for them, he decided to sell and try the sheep."

What the "trouble" was is not stated, but the impression created by publications on the Angora goat is that it comes so near of taking care of itself that there should not be much trouble in raising them. But new ventures of that kind are generally attended by more or less trouble and more or less "bad luck."

Mr. Main's experience should not deter other farmers from trying their luck, at least with a few in the start, for if they are as good stock as represented to be they will pay the man who makes a success of raising them. The industry is a success in other Southern States, in some of the Southwestern and Western States and there is no reason why it should not be in North Carolina. Notwithstanding Mr. Main's experience he thinks he could have made a success of it.

Some fellow up North proposes to swap Carrie Nation for Miss Stone, but Carrie objects, and so, too, would the kidnappers, if they have heard of Carrie's hatchet performances.

For Whooping Cough use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

Schlitz

The beer that made Milwaukee famous

You drink some beers that cause bilious headache. Perhaps you think that all beers do.

The cause of biliousness is the lack of age—too much haste to put the beer on the market. To ferment beer thoroughly requires a process of months. Without it the fermentation takes place in your stomach. That is the cause of biliousness.

Hurried beer is unhealthful. Schlitz beer is kept for months in refrigerating rooms with a capacity of 265,000 barrels—kept almost at freezing point until it is well fermented. Schlitz beer is never marketed until thoroughly aged.

'Phone I. S. 202, Sol Bear & Co., 20 Market St., Wilmington.
Call for the Brewery Bottling.

Never Causes Biliousness

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The cheers for Roosevelt which followed his appointment of ex-Governor Jones, of Alabama to a federal judgeship have been suddenly stilled in the South by the news from Washington that the President had entertained at dinner in the White House Booker T. Washington.—*New Orleans States, Dem.*

—— We must solve the negro question for ourselves. To begin with, it was folly to expect assistance in this matter from Washington, so long as the Republicans are in power. To fly into fits, now that this baseless expectation has failed, is to add weakness to weakness. Serve notice on Mr. Roosevelt that his influence with the white men of the South is forever gone. Then let him alone. That is the course for the South to pursue in the premises.—*Portsmouth (Va.) Star, Dem.*

—— From that view, even though it be expressed by the Chief Magistrate of the nation, Americans of the Southern States promptly and emphatically dissent. The negro is not the social equal of the white man. Social equality between the white race and the black race has never existed and never will exist. The truth of that statement is written in letters of living light in the records of the human race. It is the decision of the ages; and Mr. Roosevelt might as well attempt to rub the stars out of the firmament as to erase that conviction from the heart and brain of the American people. —*New Orleans Times-Democrat, Dem.*

—— Without doubt at the present moment the President has greatly weakened his political position in the whole country, and has most seriously fallen from popular favor in the Southern States, for it is impossible to forecast his intentions and policy from his past acts. Nobody knows what he will do next. The great commercial interests of the country fear radicalism of any sort in the administration of the Republic. They want quiet, conservatism and peace. As matters now stand, the political and social atmosphere is seriously disturbed. "What next?" is on every tongue.—*New Orleans Picayune, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS.

— An Omission: "She declares that she is single from choice," said Miss Kittish. "But did she say whose choice?" asked Miss Frocks."—*Life.*

— But Not from Her—"Well, what on earth did he marry for?" "For sympathy." "And he didn't even get that!" "Oh, yes, from his friends."—*Phil. Press.*

— In a Nutshell: "How did you like the finale to my first act?" inquired the playwright. "I didn't see it," replied the first-nighter. "Ah, you got there too late, eh?" "No, went away too soon."—*Judge.*

— Mrs. Wunder—It seems to me that that music teacher is always asking for money. Mr. Wunder—That's perfectly natural. His scale, you know, begins and ends with "dough." —*Baltimore American.*

— Wanted His Share: Gladys—"Cholly asked Ethel to wait two years for him." Edith—"Why, hasn't he come into his inheritance yet?" Gladys—"Oh, yes; but he wants a chance to spend some of it himself."—*Puck.*

— Why They Gushed: "But his letters are so gushing," they protested to the fair young thing who was corresponding with a sentimental youth. "I know they are," she said, "but you remember that he writes with a fountain pen."—*Baltimore American.*

— Auntie—"Don't you know, Bobbie, that it's very bad manners to put your knife in your mouth?" Bobbie—"Don't you think, auntie, that it's very bad manners to stare at your guests when they're eating?"—*Glasgow Evening Times.*

— If the statement proves true that Mr. Carnegie's wholesale purchases of organs for Scotch churches is likely to have the effect of discouraging the use of bagpipes it must be considered a most practical and commendable piece of philanthropy.—*Atlanta Journal.*

— Whereupon He Ducked: "Minnie," said the globe trotter, "let us take a wedding trip so unique, so unheard of, that it will stand alone in the history of bridal tours." "Where do you want to go?" asked his affianced. "Uganda." "You goose."—*Chicago Tribune.*

— The Pretty Part of It: Harry—You have been free to say that this is the most beautiful place you have ever visited, but I notice you have not paid anything for your board yet. Fred—Oh, I know that. That's the beauty of it.—*Boston Transcript.*

— "Am I the only girl you ever loved?" she asked, doubtfully. "Am I the only man you ever encouraged?" he inquired. They looked long and soulfully into each other's eyes, and out of this gaze there seemed to come a tacit understanding that it would be just as well to drop the subject.—*Chicago Post.*

— The Way Cook Put It: Wife—Well, John, I'll have to do the cooking now. The cook left without warning this afternoon. Husband—Not exactly without warning. She told me this morning I had better bring home some dyspepsia tablets to-night, but I didn't quite catch on to what she meant.—*Judge.*

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Asheboro *Courier*: Not one of the five indicted for murder at the recent term of Troy court was hanged. All were convicted of murder in a degree lower than murder except Fred Small who was acquitted.

— Salisbury *Sun*: At present there are at the county home but seven inmates with but one exception the smallest ever cared for by the county at the home. This speaks well for the county.

— Kinston *Free Press*: Mrs. Emma Sutton, the wife of Mr. W. E. Sutton, of Neuse township, about six miles from Kinston, died last night from the effects of taking strychnine, mistaking the deadly drug for quinine. It was reported in Kinston this morning that Mrs. Sutton was a suicide, and that she left a note bidding all farewell. It is stated that she had had been in a low state of health for a long time and was despondent.

— Stanly *Enterprise*: There will be a large crop of wheat sowed this year. Corn is fairly good on upland where it was cultivated, but bottom land and up-land that was not cultivated is a poor yield, or none at all. ——Contractor O. P. Howard began work on the large furniture factory building of the Albemarle Furniture Co., on Monday. The main building is to be 50x 80 feet. Machinery has been ordered and will arrive by the time the building can be made ready.

— Newbern *Journal*: Mayer Hahn, Collector of Customs for the Pamlico District of North Carolina, with headquarters in this city, yesterday received word that Charles C. Clark, Jr., has been appointed Deputy Collector and Inspector at this place, to succeed the lately deceased Wm. E Clark. In politics he is known as a "Gold Democrat," and has been a strong advocate of the principles and policies of President McKinley, and politically considered his appointment is regarded as a very strong one.

— Tarboro *Southerner*: William Powell, postmaster at Parmele, was arrested Friday on the train as he was returning from this place, where he had attended the circus. He is charged with making false returns of stamps cancelled, and illegally selling stamps. The discrepancy in his accounts is said to be quite large. He was carried to Williamston, where, after a preliminary hearing, he was held in $1,000 bond to answer at the Federal Court. The postoffice at Parmele is in charge of Powell's sureties. —— Whether the cotton crop in the county, as a whole, is large or small, it seems to be certain that several farmers will make the best crop in years. —— The tobacco growers of this and adjoining counties are strictly "in it" this year. Good crops have been made in this section and because of the general shortage prices are much above those of previous years. Common tobacco this season almost sold for what the better grades brought previously. A great increase in acreage next year will send prices to the old stage.

Presiding Elder's Appointments, Wilmington District.

Clinton, Johnson's Chapel, Oct. 26, 27.
Zion church, Zion, Oct. 30.
Bladen church, Windsor, Nov. 2, 3.
Southport, Nov. 6.
Elizabeth, Elizabethtown, Nov. 9, 10.
Burgaw church, Burgaw, Nov. 13.
Jacksonville and Richlands, Richlands, Nov. 15.
Onslow, Tabernacle, Nov. 16, 17.
Scott's Hill church, Scott's Hill Nov. 18.
Waccamaw, Nov. 22.
Whiteville, Chadbourn, Nov. 23, 24.
Bladen street, Nov. 27.
Market street, Nov. 28.
Kenansville, Charity, Nov. 29.
Magnolia, Providence, Nov. 30, Dec. 1.

R B. JOHN, P. E.

— Cause for Grievance—"When you refused me, you promised always to be my friend, and now you are as cold as an iceberg." "But I didn't think you were going to stop proposing."—*Life.*

Cold Steel or Death.

"There is but one small chance to save your life and that is through an operation," was the awful prospect set before Mrs. I. B. Hunt, of Lime Ridge, Wis., by her doctor after vainly trying to cure her of a frightful case of stomach trouble and yellow jaundice. He didn't count on the marvellous power of Electric Bitters to cure Stomach and Liver toubles, but she had heard of it, took seven bottles, was wholly cured, avoided surgeon's knife, now weighs more and feels better than ever. It's positively guaranteed to cure Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles and never disappoints. Price 50c at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind.

Mothers who have always so dreaded the approach of hot weather when they have a teething babe, should not forget that TEETHINA counteracts and overcomes the effects of hot weather on children, keeps them in healthy condition and makes teething easy. TEETHINA costs only 25 cents per box at druggists; or mail 25 cents to C. J. Moffett, M. D., St. Louis, Mo. †

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

A LITTLE KNOWN ART.

The Tobacco Flavorer Has Short Hours and Draws Big Pay.

"A high grade position of which but little is known, except to the trade," observed a prominent tobacco manufacturer to a Washington Star reporter, "is what is known as the 'flavorer,' the man who is responsible for the flavor of all the grades of goods made and who sees to it that the flavor is kept the same year in and year out, it matters not where the tobacco that goes in them comes from or the conditions under which it has grown. Of course tobacco manufacturers endeavor to use the same kind of tobacco all the time, but circumstances at times render this impossible.

"As an illustration, our company had bought up and stored away enough tobacco to make up all our brands of smoking tobacco and cigarettes for the year, when all of a sudden our storehouses were destroyed by fire, and our stock went out of existence. There was no more tobacco of that particular grade to be bought, and we were driven into new fields. The tobacco being raised on a different soil and being slightly different as far as seed and stem were concerned, the flavor was also different. Smokers, and chewers as well, insist on the same flavor all the time.

"Here is where the flavorer comes in. By his art and skill he can make tobacco that grows on low lands taste and smell the same as that grown on high lands. He can make tobacco grown during a dry season take the same flavor as that grown during the rainy season. Tobaccos grown at different ends of the same state or in different states are by his treatment the same, as far as the consumer is concerned. He draws big money; but, though he comes high, as the traveling show companies say, 'we must have them.'

"As may be imagined, there are not many who are competent to do the work, and as a result they range in salaries all the way from $8 to $10 per day of about one hour's actual work. They are employed, however, but about nine months in each year."

MAGIC AMULETS.

Thought to Bring Good Luck to Their Chinese Owners.

It is the desire of every Chinaman's heart to possess a pair of magic bracelets. Arm rings or bracelets are thought a great deal of in the Celestial empire, the custom of wearing them having been handed down from time immemorial. Usually made of jade stone, the Chinese arm ring of today is of one invariable shape. It looks like a large martingale.

The Chinese word for jade is ngookseu and for jade arm ring or bracelet ngook-ak. The custom in China is to place the bracelet on a young man's arm just before the hand stops growing. A tight fit is usually secured, and once placed the amulet arm ring is worn throughout life. At death, if the bracelet has proved a lucky one and if there is a son whom it will fit, the bones in the old man's hand are broken and the bracelet removed.

Many are the marvelous tales told by the Chinese of the wonderful qualities these amulets possess. There is a tradition that a certain Chinese emperor who was stricken with paralysis wore upon his forearm a magic bracelet, which kept life in that member for many months and allowed him to make known his desires and decrees by writing. At last, when death claimed the emperor, something even more wonderful took place. Dead three days and lying in state, his body was being viewed by the priests. The advisability of removing the bracelet was being considered, when the hand was lifted up and gave a signal which they interpreted to mean the bracelet should go with its owner to the tomb.

Among other wonderful properties a good amulet is said to act as a fairly reliable barometer. — Cincinnati Enquirer.

VERY EXPLOSIVE WOOD.

Difficulty In Disposing of Casks That Have Held Nitroglycerin.

"One of the most puzzling of the many difficult problems that confront our trade is how to get rid of the empty casks that have contained nitroglycerin," said a manufacturer of explosives. "The wood of the casks becomes so saturated with nitroglycerin that in explosiveness it equals the nitroglycerin itself.

"It does not pay nor is it safe to refill the casks. To burn them is out of the question. If left around, they are a constant menace, for while all men are prone to show their respect for a dangerous explosive there are few that think that harm can come of a kick at an empty barrel. There is nothing to do but to explode the casks.

"This is generally done by placing them on open ground and firing a rifle bullet at them from a safe distance. The concussion produced by the bullet is more than enough to bring about an explosion, and there is one good thing about those casks when they go off—there are no fragments to pick up.

"When I said that the shock of the bullet was more than sufficient, I meant every word of it. To prove this I'll just tell you what happened at our factory not so very long ago. Two empty nitroglycerin casks were to be blown up. Three men with a team of horses, a wagon and a rifle set about the business. They reached the spot selected for the explosion in safety and lifted the casks to the ground.

"One of the casks was carried to a proper distance. The other was left standing near the wagon. The man who was to do the shooting then conceived the idea of leaning his rifle against the top of this second cask to get a better aim. He thought this was safe because he knew that the recoil of the rifle was almost unnoticeable.

"Well, when he fired there were two simultaneous explosions. His bullet hit its mark and did its work. At the same time the other cask was exploded by the slight jar produced by the firing of the shot. The three men, the two horses and the wagon were literally swept off the earth, and when a few moments later you passed the spot where they had stood it was hard to believe that they had ever existed. The largest fragment recovered after them was a harness buckle."—New York Sun.

The Greeks and Romans had no weeks until they borrowed this division of time from the east. The Greeks divided the month into three equal periods; the Romans into three very unequal, the Kalends, Ides and Nones.

In Sweden the churchyard beetle is regarded as a messenger of pestilence and death, and its appearance always excites violent alarm. A species closely allied is eaten by Egyptian women with a view to acquiring plumpness.

[illegible] Behind.

[illegible] understand that Miss Elderly is going to be very fast.

Willy Yes, but she'll never make up the time she has lost.—Smart Set.

A Monster Devil Fish

Destroying its victim, is a type of Constipation. The power of this murderous malady is felt on organs and nerves and muscles and brain. There's no health till it's overcome. But Dr. King's New Life Pills are a safe and certain cure. Best in the world for Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels. Only 25 cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought

IT MAKES WOMEN HAPPY.

"I had been a sufferer for many years from nervousness with all its symptoms and complications," writes Mrs. O. N. Fisher, of 1861 Lexington Ave., New York, N. Y. "I was constantly going to see a physician or purchasing medicine. My husband at last induced me to try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. After taking one bottle and following your advice I was so encouraged that I took five more bottles of 'Favorite Prescription.' I continued taking it and felt that I was improving faster than at first. I am not now cross and irritable, and I have a good color in my face; have also gained ten pounds in weight and *one thousand pounds of comfort*, for I am a new woman once more, and your advice and your 'Favorite Prescription' is the cause of it."

PRETTY ROUGH SPORT.

A Cruel Game Played In the Camps of Canadian Lumbermen.

So full of peril is the lumberman's life that even his sports and games must be spiced with danger or they will pall upon his taste. On the long winter nights a cruel game called "Jack, where be ye?" is frequently played.

The middle of the largest room in the camp is cleared. Two men are securely blindfolded and, having previously drawn lots for the first whack, they kneel on the floor. In his right hand each man holds a stout leather strap, in his left another leather strap, or a rope is held by the end, either close to the floor or, in some camps, actually on it. The latter strap, being kept taut by the combatants, guarantees a uniform distance between them. They are quite near enough to hurt each other severely, which not infrequently happens.

Now, the man who has been lucky enough to draw the first call shouts, "Jack, where be ye?" to which his opponent must immediately answer, "Here I be." Then the first man strikes at the place where he imagines his adversary to be with the heavy leather strap. If he hits his man, he is entitled to another blow—may call out again, "Jack, where be ye?" and the other must answer, "Here I be." This is continued till the first man misses, when he must take his turn at being struck.

The others form a ring around the two combatants, bets are made, and each faction encourages and applauds its chosen man. There are regular rounds, and the game is usually kept up until one or the other has had enough or perhaps till one is carried off the scene wounded. Hard heads can stand hard knocks, and volunteers for the sport are numerous. At the beginning there is generally no malice. A hard blow is struck—it is expected—it is the game. But it occasionally happens that the game develops into a fierce duel.—Pearson's.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute	7	@	7¼
Standard	7¾	@	8
Burlaps	6	@	6¼
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12½	@	14
Sides ℔ ℔	9	@	10
Shoulders ℔ ℔	9	@	9½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	8½	@	9½
Shoulders ℔ ℔	9	@	9½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 35	@	1 45
Second-hand machine	1 35	@	1 45
New New York, each		@	1 50
New City, each		@	1 50
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	18
Northern	22	@	28
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	72½	@	75
Virginia Meal	75	@	77½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle	1 25	@	1 30
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	11	@	12½
Rio	8	@	11
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns. ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s		@	0
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl.	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl.	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	4 00	@	4 25
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	8 00	@	8 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	6	@	10
" Extra	4 00	@	5 00
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade	3 00	@	3 25
Choice	3 25	@	3 50
Straight	3 60	@	3 85
First Patent	4 35	@	4 50
GLUE—℔ ℔	8	@	10
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	78	@	80
Mixed Corn	76	@	78
Oats, from store (mixed)	50	@	55
Oats, Rust Proof	70	@	80
Cow Peas	85	@	90
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green salted	4	@	5
Dry flint	10	@	11
Dry salt	9	@	10
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s			
No 1 Timothy	1 00	@	1 05
Rice Straw	40	@	50
Eastern	90	@	95
Western	90	@	95
North River		@	90
N. C. Crop	75	@	80
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	3	@	3½
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	12½	@	14
Dairy Cream	12	@	13½
Half cream	10	@	12½
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	9[illegible]	@	12½
North Carolina	10	@	12½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	17 50
Rump		@	17 00
Prime		@	16 50
ROPE, ℔ ℔	11	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 25
Liverpool	95	@	1 10
American	95	@	1 05
On 125 ℔ Sacks	50	@	60
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5½	@	5¾
Standard A	5½	@	5¾
White Extra C	4½	@	5
Extra C, Golden	4½	@	15
C Yellow	4	@	4½
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	28
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	29	@	31
Porto Rico, in barrels	30	@	33
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	17	@	27
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 40	@	2 50
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	8 00	@	9 00
Common mill	4 00	@	5 00
Fair mill	5 00	@	6 50
Prime mill	6 50	@	7 50
Extra mill	8 00	@	8 50
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart	6 25	@	7 00
" Sap	5 50	@	6 00
5x20, Heart	3 50	@	4 00
" Sap	2 50	@	3 00
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon Northern	1 00	@	2 10

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET

[Quoted officially at the closing by the Produce Exchange.]

STAR OFFICE, October 22

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 35½c per gallon for machine made casks and 34½c per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at 90c per barrel for strained and 95c per barrel for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.25 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market firm at $1.10 per barrel for hard, $2.00 for dip and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine firm at 41@40½c; rosin firm at $1.15@1.20; tar firm at $1.45; crude turpentine steady at $1.40 @2.40.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	26
Rosin	15
Tar	61
Crude turpentine	14

Receipts same day last year—74 casks spirits turpentine, 6 bbls rosin, 77 bbls tar, 33 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 7¾c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5 5-16	cts. ℔ ℔
Good ordinary	6 13-16	" "
Low middling	7 5-16	" "
Middling	7¾	" "
Good middling	8 3-16	" "

Same day last year, market firm at 9c for middling.

Receipts—5,444 bales; same day last year, 2,610.

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina, firm. Prime, 60c; extra prime, 65c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 70@75c. Virginia—Prime, 55c; extra prime, 60c; fancy, 65c. Spanish, 75c.

CORN—Firm; 75 to 77c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 13 to 14c per pound; shoulders, 11 to 12c; sides, 11 to 12c.

EGGS—Dull at 17@18c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Dull. Grown, 25 to 30c; springs, 10 to 20c.

TURKEYS—Nothing doing.

BEESWAX—Firm at 26c.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6½c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 60@75c per bushel.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Money on call rather firmer at 3@4 per cent.; last loan at 3½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4½ @5 per cent. Sterling exchange strong, with actual business in bankers' bills at 486⅝@486¾ for demand and at 484¼@484⅜ for sixty days. Posted rates 485@487 and 487½. Commercial bills 483½@484. Bar silver 57⅝; Mexican dollars 45¼. Government bonds weak. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds irregular. U. S. refunding 2's, reg'd, 108¾; U. S. refunding 2's, coupon, 108⅝; U. S. 3's, reg'd 107½; do. coupon, 108¼; U. S. 4's, new reg'd, 138; do. coupon 139; U. S. 4's, old reg'd, 111½; do. coupon, 11⅞; U. S. 5's, do. reg'd, 106½; coupon, 107½. Southern Railway 5's 120. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 102; Chesapeake & Ohio 45½; Manhattan L 121; N. Y. Central 157⅝; Reading 40½; do. 1st pref'd 76; do. 2nd pref'd 51¾; St. Paul 167⅜; do. pref'd, 192½; Southern R'way 32½; do. pref'd 86½; Amalgamated Copper 90; American Tobacco ——; People's Gas 107¼; Sugar 120. Tennessee Coal and Iron 60; U. S. Leather 12⅝; do. pref'd, 81; Western Union 91¾; U. S Steel 43; do preferred 92¼; Mexican National —; Standard Oil 715@725; Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co., 57; do. preferred 122.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine steady at 38½@39.

CHARLESTON, Oct. 22.—Spirits turpentine firm at 35½c. Rosin firm and unchanged.

SAVANNAH, Oct. 22.—Spirits turpentine firm at 36c; receipts 1,634 casks; sales 799 casks; exports 1,967 casks Rosin firm; receipts 4,207 barrels; sales 1,275 barrels; exports 7,982 barrels.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—The market for cotton futures opened firm with prices three to five points higher and for a time displayed a disposition to do still better on covering, foreign buying and some demand from Wall street commission houses. The better feeling was entirely due to firmer English cables than expected, Liverpool having advanced one and one-half to three points instead of an expected drop of one and one-half points But tremendous port and interior receipts with fine conditions of weather all over the belt, soon caused the bear faction to assume aggressive tactics. General selling slowly but surely forced prices downward, January reaching 7.81, around which shorts turned for profits. Towards midday there were evidences that the trade had sold out and was considerably short. At this time bull news began to sift in and buying orders from the South and the West were received. The weekly government report stated that while the weather had been perfect for picking, the late crop had been damaged to some extent by frost, the yield was showing up light and there was little prospect of a top crop in any section. Close upon this news came smaller estimates than expected for to-morrow's New Orleans and Houston receipts. Reports received from Fall River and dry goods district were favorable. Prices were very sensitive during the early afternoon, and on a spurt of active general buying, January reached 7.91. Later there was a reaction under large selling and a lull in outside support, but toward the close the market again broke and exhibited a surprisingly steady under tone and finished steady at a net rise of seven to ten points. On the upturn, Southern and European shorts were nervous buyers in our market while export houses, which had put out large lines of hedges last week, sought to cover them. All told, about 200,000 bales changed hands during the day.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Cotton quiet at 8⅜c; net receipts 1,651 bales.

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 8⅜c; middling gulf 8⅝c; sales 300 bales.

Cotton futures closed steady; October 7 85@7.86, November 7.85@7.87, December 7.89@7.90, January 7.89@7.90, February 7.86@7.88, March 7.81@7.82, April 7.79@7.81, May 7.79@7.80, June 7.77@7.79, July 7 76@7 78.

Total to-day—Net receipts 87,261 bales; exports to Great Britain 21,565 bales; exports to France —— bales; exports to the Continent 2,394 bales; stock 583,037 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 228,783 bales; exports to Great Britain 108,957 bales; exports to France 13,182 bales; exports to the Continent 62,135 bales.

Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 1,447,217 bales; exports to Great Britain 420,614 bales; exports to France 125,767 bales; exports to the Continent 416,866 bales.

Oct. 22—Galveston, steady at 8⅛c, net receipts 29,038 bales; Norfolk, steady at 7⅞c, net receipts 6,815 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 8⅛c, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 8⅜c, net receipts 1,229 bales; Wilmington, firm at 7¾c, net receipts 5,444 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 8⅝c, net receipts 250 bales; Savannah, quiet at 7½c, net receipts 12,687 bales; New Orleans, steady at 7½c, net receipts 23,484 bales; Mobile, quiet at 7⅝c, net receipts 3,671 bales; Memphis, quiet at 7 15-16c, net receipts 4,566 bales; Augusta, steady at 7 13-16c, net receipts 5,686 bales; Charleston, quiet at 7⅜c, net receipts 2,672 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Flour quiet and about steady; rye flour quiet. Wheat—Spot market firm; No. 2 red 78⅛; options opened rather firm and closed firm at a partial ⅛c net advance; May closed 79¼c; October 79½c, December 76⅝c. Corn—Spot steady; No. 2 60⅞; options opened steady and closed easy at ⅛@⅜c net decline; May closed 62c; October 60½c; December 61. Oats—Spot steady; No. 2, 40¼@40½c; options active and easier. Lard weak; western steamed $9.75; continent $9 70; compound 8@8¼c. Pork quiet. Tallow unsettled. Coffee—Spot Rio strong; No. 7 invoice 7⅛c. Sugar—Raw firm; fair refining 3⅜c. Butter firm; State dairy 14@21c. Cheese firm; fancy large white 9½@9¾c. Eggs steady Potatoes steady; Jerseys $1 50@2 00; New York $1 25@2 00; Long Island $2 25@2 50; Jersey sweets $1 50@2 00. Cabbage quiet; Long Island Flat Dutch, per 100, $3 00@5 00. Peanuts steady; fancy hand-picked 4½@4¾c; other domestic 3¼@3c. Rice steady. Cotton seed oil barely steady; prime crude barrels nominal; prime summer yellow 40c; off summer yellow 38½@39c; prime white 44c; prime winter yellow 44; prime meal $25 00. Freights to Liverpool—Cotton by steam 17½.

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—Bullish Argentine news and heavy liquidation in corn were the only features in a dull and apathetic market to-day. December wheat closed a shade higher December corn ⅛c lower and December oats unchanged. Provisions closed 2½ to 7½c up.

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—Cash quotations: Flour steady. Wheat—No. 2 spring —; No. 3 spring 66@69½c; No. 2 red 71@71¼c. Corn—No. 2 —; No. 2 yellow 56⅜c. Oats—No. 2 36c; No. 2 white 38@38¼c; No. 3 white 37¼@38½c. Rye—No. 2 55½@59½c. Mess pork, per barrel, $13 70@13 75. Lard, per 100 lbs., $9 10@9 20. Short rib sides, loose, $8 20@8 35. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $7 25@7 50. Short clear sides, boxed, $8 80@8 90. Whiskey—Basis of high wines, $1 30.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 October 69⅛, 69⅝@69¾, 69⅛, 69⅝@69¾c; December 70⅛@70⅜, 70⅝@70¾, 70⅛@70⅜, 70½@70⅝c; May 73⅜@73⅝@73⅞, 74, 73⅜, 73⅞@74c. Corn—No. 2 October 53¾, 54, 53⅞, 54c; December 55¼@55⅜@55½, 55⅜@55½, 55, 55½@55⅜c; May 58⅛, 58⅜@58⅝, 57⅞@58¼, 57⅞c. Oats—October No. 2 34⅛, —, —, 34¼c; December 35⅛, 35⅜, 35, 35⅛c; May 37⅛@37⅜, 37¼@37½, 37@37⅛, 37⅜c. Mess pork, per bbl—January $15 97½, 15 05, 14 97½, 15 02½; May $15 02½, 15 10, 15 02½, 15 05. Lard, per 100 lbs—October $9 20, 9 20, 9 10, 9 10; January $8 90, 8 92½, 8 90, 8 90; May $8 90, 8 95, 8 90, 8 95. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—October $8 25, 8 30, 8 25, 8 25; January $7 75, 7 80, 7 75, 7 80; May $7 85, 7 90, 7 85, 7 90.

FOREIGN MARKET.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 22, 4 P. M.—Cotton; Spot, quiet; prices 1-32d lower; American middling fair 5 1-16d; good middling 4⅞d; middling 4¾d; low middling 4⅝d; good ordinary 4 15-32d; ordinary 4 9-32d. The sales of the day were 6,000 bales, of which 500 bales were for speculation and export and included 4,800 bales American. Receipts 23,000 bales, including 17,500 bales American.

Futures opened quiet and closed steady; American middling (l. m. c.) October 4 30-64d seller; October and November 4 21-64d seller; November and December 4 18-64d seller; December and January 4 17-64d seller; January and February 4 16-64d seller; February and March 4 15-64@4 16-64d seller; March and April 4 15-64@4 16-64d seller; April and May 4 15-64d buyer; May and June 4 15-64d seller; June and July 4 14-64@4 15-64d buyer; July and August 4 14-64@4 15-64d seller.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

Schr Nokomis, 245 tons, Sawyer, New York, J T Riley & Co.

Schr Venus, 194 tons, Foxwell, Baltimore, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Clyde steamship Geo W Clyde, Staples, New York, H G Smallbones.

CLEARED.

Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

Schr Clarence A Shafner, Chute, St George, Grenada, George Harriss, Son & Co.

EXPORTS.

FOREIGN.

ST GEORGE, GRENADA—Schr Clarence A Shafner, 100,584 feet lumber, 205,000 shingles, valued at $2,635.49; cargo by Chadbourn Lumber Co; vessel by George Harriss, Son & Co.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., October 23, 1901.

STEAMSHIPS.

Mountby, (Br) 2,113 tons, Payne, Alexander Sprunt & Son.
Candleshoe, (Br) 2,466 tons, Danielsen, Alexander Sprunt & Son.
Slingsby, (Br) 2,094 tons, Whalley, Alexander Sprunt & Son.
Tenby, (Br) 2,558 tons, Campbell, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

SCHOONERS.

Nokomis, 245 tons, Sawyer, J T Riley & Co.
Venus, 194 tons, Foxwell, George Harriss, Son & Co.
Fred B Balano, 215 tons, Sawyer, Bellamy Harriss.

BARQUES.

Jotun, (Nor) 525 tons, Petersen, Heide & Co.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—1,086 bales cotton.

W. C. & A. Railroad—3,520 bales cotton, 10 casks spirits turpentine, 4 barrels rosin, 29 barrels tar, 10 barrels crude turpentine.

C. C. Railroad—444 bales cotton.

A. & Y. Railroad—372 bales cotton, 12 casks spirits turpentine.

Steamer A. P. Hurt—22 bales cotton, 4 casks spirits turpentine, 11 barrels rosin, 32 barrels tar, 4 barrels crude turpentine.

Total—5,444 bales cotton, 26 casks spirits turpentine, 15 barrels rosin, 61 barrels tar, 14 barrels crude turpentine.

PUZZLE PICTURE.

THIS WOMAN HAS LOST THE FRYING PAN. HELP HER FIND IT.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

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Chas. H. Fletcher.

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GEO. R. FRENCH & SONS.

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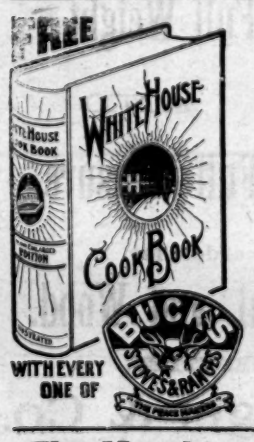

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9 20 D&W 1y sa tu th

VAST CORK FORESTS.

THOSE OF SPAIN AND PORTUGAL ARE IMMENSE IN AREA.

How the Pliable Bark Is Stripped From the Trees, Boiled, Scraped and Cut Into Shape—Thousands Employed In the Industry.

The cork forests of Spain cover an area of 620,000 square miles, producing the finest cork in the world. These forests exist in groups and cover wide belts of territory, those in the region of Catalonia and part of Barcelona being considered the first in importance. Although the cork forests of Estremadura and Andalusia yield cork of a much quicker growth and possessing some excellent qualities its consistency is less rigid, and on this account it does not enjoy the high reputation which the cork of Catalonia does.

In Spain and Portugal, where the cork tree, or Quercas suber, is indigenous, it attains to a height varying from 35 to 60 feet and the trunk to a diameter of 30 to 36 inches. This species of the evergreen oak is often heavily caparisoned with wide spreading branches, clothed with ovate oblong evergreen leaves, downy underneath and the leaves slightly serrated. Annually, between April and May, it produces a flower of a yellowish color, succeeded by the acorns. Over 30,000 square miles in Portugal are devoted to the cultivation of cork trees, though the tree virtually abounds in every part of the country.

The methods in vogue in barking and harvesting the cork in Spain and Portugal are virtually the same. The barking operation is effected when the tree has acquired sufficient strength to withstand the rough handling it receives during this operation, which takes place when it has attained the fifteenth year of its growth. After the first stripping the tree is left in this juvenescent state to regenerate, subsequent strippings being effected at intervals of not less than three years, and under this process the tree will continue to thrive and bear for upward of 150 years.

The bark is stripped from the tree in pieces two or three inches in thickness, of considerable length and of such width as to retain the curved form of the trunk whence it has been stripped. The bark peeler or cutter makes a slit in the bark with a knife perpendicularly from the top of the trunk to the bottom; he makes another incision parallel to and at some distance from the former and two short horizontal cuts at the top and bottom. For stripping off the piece thus isolated he uses a kind of knife with two handles and a curved blade. Sometimes, after two cuts have been made, he leaves the tree to throw off the bark by spontaneous action of the vegetation within the trunk.

The first process through which the bark passes after stripping is that of boiling. This is sometimes done in the woods, but more frequently in the cork factory, in large specially constructed caldrons in which the bark is left to boil for upward of an hour, causing an increase of thickness (generally of one-fourth to one-fifth), elasticity of the cork and dissolution of the tannin and other substances. The boiling of the cork can also be effected by steam, for which purpose it is introduced into a wooden box lined with copper or zinc, which is filled with water and steam injected therein. The loss of weight effected by boiling the cork varies between 12 and 40 per cent.

In making corks it is necessary to take away the hard crust or raspa, for which a tool is used with a short handle and curved blade. Scraping machines are also used, two systems being employed—the Besson and Tousseau. The former, propelled by steam, consists principally of horizontal spindles supplied with comb-like teeth and turning at the rate of 900 revolutions a minute. The Tousseau scraper attacks the cork by means of a vertical iron shaft carrying several knives, whose edges are also vertical, and by a rotary movement of the shaft, giving 1,400 turns a minute, work like a brush.

Before cutting the slabs into strips they are cooked for about half an hour so as to facilitate the cutting and piled up soon afterward in a damp place, so as to preserve the softness until ready to operate upon. The slabs are divided into three strips, the width of which is equal to the length of the corks, and in such a way that if the corks be placed in the position occupied by the slab on the tree they would have their fibers running alike. The workmen cut the strips by means of a knife with a flat surface and curved edge, called cuchilla de rabanar. The strips are then made into squares by means of the cuchilla. They then have the edges cut and are ready to be made into corks.

The squares pass into the hands of a workman who is furnished with a knife composed of two pieces—one of them similar to an ordinary knife and the other a blade the edge of which fits into the first. He holds the knife by a small iron catch to the table in front of him and, giving the square a circular movement, the result is that a cork is made in a few seconds. The squares are usually boiled for about a quarter of an hour. They are then deposited in a cool place, and four or five days afterward they are sorted and kept damp until required.

Machines are also employed to make corks, and all consist, at the base, of a knife, the blade of which is placed horizontally, joined generally to a piece of wood, to which a backward and forward movement is given similar to that of a carpenter's plane. In moving, the knife turns the square cork, which, being attacked by the knife, takes off a strip of cork more or less thick, according to the distance from the axle of the cork to the edge of the knife. If these are parallel, the result is that the cork is cylindrical, and, if not, it becomes conical. The cork-maker or workman has several large baskets, into which he places the corks according to size or quality, but this first classification is not sufficient, and the corks are placed upon a table and more carefully sorted. To classify the corks according to size wooden boxes are employed, the bottoms of which can be taken out or put in, having a kind of grating of wood.

The corks are worked in a solution of oxalic acid or bioxalate of potash. As soon as washed they are placed out to dry gradually in the shade, in order to enable them to retain the silky gloss which the cork has when it is damp. For packing, 30,000 corks constitute what is called a bale, but for transportation across the ocean bales of from 5,000 to 10,000 corks are made.—Boston Herald.

Hospital Patients Spanked.

A very useful adjunct to the paraphernalia at the Hahnemann hospital, Philadelphia, is known as "the awakener." This is a wooden paddle about two feet long, designed to restore consciousness to patients who have either taken poison or who have lapsed into a comatose condition from the effect of too much liquor.

This little instrument is decorated with such legends as "The way of the transgressor is hard," "Slumber, sweet slumber, nit!" and similar sentences purporting to be in a jocular vein. "The awakener" is used upon the soles of a patient's feet. The shoes and stockings are removed, and then the paddle is applied with full force. Most of the patients respond to this treatment within ten minutes, but sometimes where drugs have been used "the awakener" is kept busy for an hour or even longer.—Philadelphia Record.

Early Universities In Scotland.

In the early university period there were no salaried teachers, no lecture halls, no separate buildings whatever. In the first years of the University of Glasgow, for instance, theology and law were taught in the crypt of the cathedral, where church and academy were evidently one and the same. The need of special buildings for instruction and residence was soon felt. The idea of distinct colleges as component parts of one university as a whole originated in Bologna and Paris, where the overcrowding and rise in prices of lodgings had led benevolent patrons to found college, where the students could be protected also by proper supervision from the corrupting influences of these communities.—Scribner's.

For Asthma use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

A HOME CURE.

Thousands of women who are living quietly, amid the luxuries of home have hidden suffering. They start at every little jar or noise. They become irritated at the slightest cause. They suffer periodical pains but have little understanding of what causes them. If they went to a doctor for an examination they would be shocked to hear they had "female troubles"—a prospect which strikes terror to a woman's heart. Female troubles come on gradually, but plain warnings tell of their approach.

Are you nervous?
Do little things annoy you?
Do you start at every sound?
Are you discouraged and miserable on certain days, then elated again the next?
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WINE OF CARDUI

If your answer is "yes" to any of these questions you should not be deceived. You are suffering with female troubles and should begin the Wine of Cardui treatment at once. It will cure you as it has cured 1,000,000 other women. It cures in the privacy of the home. No private examinations. No operations. Could relief be easier? Try Wine of Cardui.

Bozzelder, Texas, December 3, 1900.

I received a copy of the Home Treatment of Female Diseases and my wife and I read it all through. My wife was very unhealthy. She has been using Wine of Cardui thirteen months. It gave her good health and we are all more than thankful for your book and advice. It did her more good than any other medicine in the world. May you prosper! I shall ever use your medicine in my family. F. P. REID.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

The Cause of It.

Unless a cyclist is a "scorcher" there is no need, generally speaking, to make any effort to avoid him. He will look out for the collisions.

A lady was crossing the street when she saw a bicycle rider coming toward her. She stopped, then dodged backward and, as he had swerved in order to pass behind her, there was a collision and both took a fall, but neither was much damaged.

"If you hadn't wabbled, sir," she said angrily as he assisted her to rise, "this wouldn't have happened!"

"Neither would it have happened, madam," he replied, "if you hadn't wabbled, or if you had wabbled in a contrary direction from my wabble. It was our concurrent and synchronous wabbling, so to speak, that caused it."

Then the cyclist, a college professor, doffed his cap, mounted his wheel and rode on.

Can't Beat 'Em.

As usual he was monopolizing the newspaper.

"Please let me have the woman's page," she said.

He carefully tore off a page and handed it to her.

It was a full page advertisement of a millinery opening, and he chuckled at his own little joke.

Still, she was revenged. She went to the opening, and he paid the bill.—Chicago Post.

Convincing His Chum.

Johnny (in the garden)—Father, father, ook out of the window!

Father (putting out his head)—What a nuisance you children are! What do you want now?

Johnny (with a triumphant glance at his playfellow)—Tommy Brooks wouldn't believe you'd got no hair on the top of your head.—Tit-Bits.

"De man who talk de mos' erbout he fightin qualities," remarked Uncle Eph, "usually got mighty long laigs."—Atlanta Constitution.

It is said that mate, the South American tea, will sustain life many days without the pangs of hunger.

A Night of Terror.

"Awful anxiety was felt for the widow of the brave General Burnham of Machias, Me., when the doctors said she could not live till morning," writes Mrs. S. H. Lincoln, who attended her that fearful night. "All thought she must soon die from Pneumonia, but she begged for Dr. King's New Discovery, saying it had more than once saved her life, and had cured her of Consumption. After three small doses she slept easily all night, and its further use completely cured her. This marvelous medicine is guaranteed to cure all Throat, Chest and Lung Diseases. Only 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles 10c at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store.

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Cheese, Full Cream.

Sardines, Salmon, Cakes.

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Lime, Cement.

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When overworked, the nerves become unstrung, and a weakened condition of the body is the result; then the energies are relaxed and attacks of Cold, La Grippe, Stomach Troubles, Typhoid and Malarial Fevers follow.

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Schedule in Effect Aug. 4, 1901. Corrected.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.30 A. M.—No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.05 A. M., Warsaw 11.31 A. M., Goldsboro 12.21 P. M., Wilson 1.13 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.48 P. M., Tarboro 2.21 P. M., Weldon 4.32 P. M., Petersburg 5.50 P. M., Richmond 7.22 P. M., Norfolk 8.5 P. M., Washington 11.20 P. M., Baltimore 1.50 A. M., Philadelphia 4.58 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 2.0 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M.—No. 49—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.0 P. M., Warsaw 8.43 P. M., Goldsboro 9.27 P. M., Wilson 10.30 P. M., †Tarboro 8.46 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.23 P. M., Weldon 1.30 A. M., †Norfolk 1.10 P. M. Petersburg 8.46 A. M., Richmond 2.30 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.30 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M. New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 4.15 P. M.—No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 2.45 P. M.—No. 53—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.55 P. M., Chadbourn 5.50 P. M. Marion 6.40 P. M., Florence 7.35 P. M., Sumter 9 13 P. M., Columbia 10.35 P. M., Denmark 3.53 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 11.15 P. M., Savannah 2.40 A. M., Jacksonville 8.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10 50 A. M., Tampa 10.00 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A. M.—No. 53—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.05 P.M., leaves Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 6.15 P. M.—No 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.00 P. M., New York †3.50 P. M., Philadelphia 10.50 A. M., Baltimore 3.55 A. M., Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.55 A. M., Petersburg 8.43 A. M., Norfolk 8.30 A M., Weldon 11.30 A. M., Tarboro 12.31 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.30 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.35 P. M., Warsaw 4.05 P. M., Magnolia 4.40 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 9.25 A. M.—No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12.00 night, New York 6.55 A. M., Philadelphia 11.33 A. M., Baltimore 1.48 P. M., Washington 3.13 P. M., Richmond 6.37 P. M., Petersburg 7.45 P. M., †Norfolk 3.30 P. M., Weldon 9.10 P. M., †Tarboro 6.15 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.15 A. M Leave Wilson 5.37 A. M., Goldsboro 6.45 A. M., Warsaw 7.30 A. M., Magnolia 7.55 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M.—No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.50 A. M., Jacksonville 12.35 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.25 P. M.—No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.40 A. M., Sanford 3.38 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.30 A. M., Charleston 6.45 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M. Macon 9.06 A. M., Augusta 2.35 P. M. Denmark 4.20 P. M. Columbia 2.40 A. M., Sumter 8.08 P. M., Florence 9.33 P. M., Marion 10.25 A. M., Chadbourn 11.41 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.12 A. M.

EAST BOUND.

DAILY 7.15 P. M.—No. 52—Passenger—Leave Sanford 3.06 P. M., arrives Fayetteville 4.30 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 4.50 P. M.

Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 6.10 A. M. Maxton 9.05 A. M., Red Springs 9.30 A. M., Parkton 10.06 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 11.10 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.45 P. M., Hope Mills 5.00 P. M., Red Springs 5.43 P. M. Maxton 6.10 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leaves Rocky Mount 7.15 A. M., arrive Weldon 8.17 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10 18 A. M., arrives Richmond 11.10 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch leave Weldon 3.15 P. M., Halifax 3.39 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 4.10 P. M. Greenville 5.47 P. M., Kinston 6.45 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.30 A. M., Greenville 8.30 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.06 A. m. Weldon 11.30 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 5.00 A. M. and 2.45 P. M.; arrive Parmele 6.55 A. M. and 4.19 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 11 10 A. M. and 5.15 P. M.; arrives Washington 12 30 A. M and 6.15 P. M Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 4.35 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 6.35 P. M. and 5.30 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.32 A. M. and Sunday 8.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 9.50 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Trains leave Goldsboro daily except Sunday 5.40 A. M., arriving Smithfield 6.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 7.00 A. M., arrives at Goldsboro 8.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 2.30 A. M., 5.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.30 A. M., 4.05 P. M., Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.25 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.30 A. M., 4.50 P. M., Nashville 12.00 A. M., 5.25 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 12.10 A. M. 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, 11.40 A. M. and 4.25 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton 6.45 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Train leaves Pee Dee 10.13 A. M., arrive Latta 10.31 A. M., Dillon 10.49 A. M., Rowland 10.58 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.10 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.31 P. M. Latta 6.44 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Chadbourn 11.50 A. M.; arrive Conway, 1.30 P. M.; returning leave Conway 2.40 P. M. arrive Chadbourn 5.30 P. M. leave Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Elrod 6.10 A. M., returning leave Elrod 6.40 A. M., arrive Chadbourn 11.25 A. M. Daily except Sunday

Trains leave Sumter 6.18 P. M., Manning 6.46 P. M.; arrive Lane's 7.30 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.27 A. M., Manning 9.17 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.50 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 8.40 A. M., †7.00 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 10 A. M., †8.20 P. M.; leave Georgetown 6.30 A. M.; †4.15 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.00 A. M.; †6.35 P. M.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Hartsville 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 12.35 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 3.00 P. M.; arrive Darlington 3.28 P. M. Bennettsville 5.30 P. M., Gibson 10.30 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.50 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.15 A. M. Bennettsville 7.15 A. M.; arrive Darlington 9.15 A. M. Leave Darlington 9.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 7.25 A. M. Darlington 6.50 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.50 P. M., 10.40 P. M., arrive Selma 3.40 P. M. 11.18 P. M. Smithfield 8.00 P. M. Dunn 3.40 P. M. Fayetteville 4.35 P. M., 12.22 A. M., Rowland 6.00 P. M. returning leave Rowland 10.58 A. M. Fayetteville 12.30 P. M., 10.20 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M. Selma 1.50 P. M., 11.35 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.35 P. M., 12.15 A. M.

Trains leave Sumter 4.00 A. M., Creston 4.51 A. M., arrive Denmark 5.48 A. M. Returning leave Denmark 4.32 P. M., Creston 5.15 P. M. Sumter 6.00 P. M. Daily.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

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SAGINAW..... Tuesday Oct. 29

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Between New York, Tampa Atlanta New Orleans & Points South & West.

Schedule in Effect May 26th, 1901.

TRAIN 41	Leaves Wilmington at 3:05 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:30 P. M., Pembroke 5:45 P. M., Maxton 6:15 P. M., Hamlet 7:18 P. M., Charlotte 10:15 P. M.	
TRAIN 38	Leaves Charlotte 8:30 A. M., Hamlet at 11:10 A. M., arrives Maxton 8:52 A. M., Pembroke 9:30 A. M., Lumberton 9:44 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon.	

WESTBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Hamlet	10.50 p m	7.23 a m
Ar Monroe	12.20 a m	9.05 a m
Ar Charlotte	....	10.01 a m
Ar Chester	1.45 a m	10.30 a m
Ar Greenwood	5.46 a m	12.22 p m
Ar Athens	6.38 a m	2.40 p m
Ar Atlanta	9.00 a m	5.05 p m

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points.

SOUTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	10.50 p m	7.00 a m
Ar Columbia	1.06 a m	10.35 a m
Ar Savannah	4.52 a m	1.47 p m
Ar Jacksonville	9.15 a m	6.10 p m
Ar Tampa	5.40 p m	8.15 a m

NORTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	10.35 p m	8.00 a m
Ar Raleigh	1.24 a m	10.37 a m
Ar Norfina	3.16 a m	12.32 p m
Ar Petersburg	5.43 a m	2.45 p m
Ar Richmond	6.32 a m	3.31 p m
Ar Washington	10.10 a m	7.05 p m
Ar Baltimore	11.35 a m	11.35 p m
Ar New York	4.25 p m	5.30 a m

Train 38 leaving Hamlet at 8.10 a. m. takes passengers from train 31, leaving New York at 12.55 p. m.; Baltimore at 5.45 p. m.; Washington 6.55 p. m.; Richmond 10.40 p. m.; Portsmouth 9.30 p. m.; Norfolk 9.00 p. m.; Raleigh 4.10 a. m.; arriving at Hamlet at 7.00 a. m. From train 36, leaving Atlanta 6.00 p. m.; Athens 11.23 p. m.; Chester 4.16 a. m.; Charlotte 5.30 a. m.; Monroe 6.05 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.40 a. m.

From train 66 leaving Jacksonville 3.55 p. m.; Savannah 11.45 p. m.; Columbia 3.35 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.40 a. m.

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R. E. L. BUNCH, General Passenger Agent.

JAS. M. BARR, 1st Vice Pres't and Gen'l Man. ma 26 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 16.

To Take Effect Sunday, Oct 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

GOING EAST. Pass'r Trains Arrive	Pass'r Trains Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. Pass'r Trains Arrive	Pass'r Trains Leave
P. M.	P. M.	Goldsboro	A. M.	A. M.
....	4 30	Kinston	10 15	....
5 40	5 50	Newbern	9 37	9 00
7 05	7 07	Morehead City	7 35	7 27
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.45 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at New bern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 5 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.00 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

oct 23 tf S. L. DILL, Supt.

THE LATEST AS TO NERVES AND STRENGTH

It is not muscle so much as the nerves back of muscle which show one's strength and power of endurance. And the sturdy with able physicians of to-day is how to keep the nerves in perfect health and fitted for the strain of everyday living. Headache of every type, nerve weakness, dyspepsia, sleeplessness, languor, restlessness, nervous dyspepsia, muscular weakness, brain weariness, poor circulation,—a thousand different unpleasant feelings and symptoms are due to nerve waste and nerve weakness,—especially in women and children. But how can all this be prevented, one will ask? How can my broken-down constitution be repaired, and nerve strength and full, robust health be secured. Just two points to remember: Determine that you will grow strong in nerves and health, and decide to use at once that most famous nerve cure, COCELIN. It is delicious in taste, quick in action and makes the wearied nerves tingle with renewed strength and every function the stronger and faculty the brighter by its use. Druggists sell it.

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oct 14 tf Inter-State 421.

Capped the Climax.

Yes, we have reached that point by the introduction of four new "Climax" Chairs and other furniture to correspond. Our barbers are skilled in the business and our razors and other "trimmings" are, as they have always been, of the very best. We solicit your patronage.

DAVIS & GUION, 7 South Front St.

jo 6 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C

WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCT. 23

FALL RIVER MILLS

Another Increase of Five Per Cent. in Wages by M. C. D. Borden.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FALL RIVER, MASS., Oct. 22.—Notices have been posted in the Iron Works cotton mills increasing wages five per cent. to take effect November 4th. This is the second raise of five per cent. in these mills, which are owned by M. C. D. Borden, New York, within a month.

This unexpected action, it is feared, may precipitate another of the frequent crisis in the cotton manufacturing industry of Fall River, as the operatives of other mills have not yet recovered from the agitation caused by the announcement of the previous advance at the Iron Works mills.

The Textile Council to-night instructed its secretary to send a communication to the manufacturers asking for a ten per cent. increase in wages, to take effect November 4th. The action of Mr. Borden in advancing wages another five per cent. in his mills here has stirred the operatives to an unusual pitch and they talk very strongly of fighting for the advance. The manufacturers on the other hand firmly declare that an increase will not be given.

MONEY RECOVERED.

Part of the Stealings of the Bank Messenger George Armitage.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Harry O'Connell, of 104 W. 39th street, surrendered himself to the police to-day and gave up $3,000 which he said was part of the money stolen by Bank Messenger George Armitage on October 15th from the Bank of New Amsterdam. O'Connell was a companion of young Armitage. O'Conell says he and the bank messenger went on a spree and spent five hundred dollars of the money. The remaining $,3000 he had kept. O'Connell was held for examination before a magistrate.

Marie Forest, Leonora Kahn and Seymour Kahn voluntarily came to police headquarters to-night, when the Forest girl gave up $485 which she said was part of $500 which Armitage had given her with which to furnish a flat. The three were held by the police. They insist that they did not rob Armitage, but that he gave up the money willingly.

SCOTTISH RITE MASONS.

Jas. D. Richardson of Tennessee Elected Sovereign Grand Commander.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—Representative Jas. D. Richardson, of Tennessee, was to day elected sovereign grand commander of the Ancient and Accepted Order of the Scottish Rite of Free Masonry for the Southern jurisdiction of the United States. He has been acting grand commander ever since the death of the late grand commander, Thos. H. Caswell, of San Francisco.

The following other officers were elected: Samuel Emory Adams, Minnesota, lieutenant grand commander, succeeding Mr. Richardson; Martin Collins, St. Louis, Mo., grand chancellor, and Rufus E. Fleming, Fargo, N. D., grand minister of state. About 200 Masons, representing all sections of the country, were elevated to the thirty-third degree, or to the knights commandship of the court of honor.

PRESIDENT'S ACTION UPHELD.

By the American Missionary Association of the Congregational Church.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—President Roosevelt's action in entertaining Booker T. Washington, the noted colored educator, at the White House was upheld and publicly approved by the American Missionary Association which opened its fifty-fifth annual meeting to-day at the first Congregational church at Oak Park. The matter had been a common topic of conversation among the delegates throughout the day; the society's prominence in the education of the negro making the matter of unusual interest.

BOOKER T. WASHINGTON

Denies That He Has Been Interviewed On the White House Incident.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW HAVEN, CONN., Oct. 22.—Booker T. Washington, who is here attending the Yale bicentennial celebration, gave the following statement to the Associated Press to-night:

"I understand that some papers in certain parts of the country are printing alleged interviews with me. I want to state as emphatically as I can that I have given no interview and have refrained from any discussion of what occurred at Washington, although persistent efforts have been made to put words into my mouth."

CALEB POWERS' TRIAL.

Believed That a Verdict Will be Reached Before the Close of the Week.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

GEORGETOWN, KY., Oct. 22.—The attorneys for the defence in the trial of Caleb Powers say they will close their case by Thursday or Friday. The jurors will then be taken to Frankfort to inspect the capitol building and other places mentioned in the testimony. On Saturday the arguments will be heard, and it is now believed that a virdict will be rendered before the term of court expires Saturday at midnight. The testimony today was of a routine character.

Saturday, November 2nd, at midnight, is fixed as the time of the final closing of the Pan-American Exposition.

A Frightful Blunder

Will often cause a horrible Burn, Scald, Cut or Bruise. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures Old Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, all Skin Eruptions. Best Pile cure on earth. Only 25cts. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

SCHLEY NAVAL COURT OF INQUIRY

Several Officers of the Flagship Brooklyn On the Witness Stand.

GEO. E. GRAHAM'S TESTIMONY

Was an Associated Press Correspondent and With Schley During Campaign. Told of Conversation Between Schley and Sigsbee.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—The Schley court of inquiry opened to-day with Lieut. Wells, who was Commodore Schley's flag lieutenant during the Spanish war, still on the stand, but he was soon displaced to allow Yeoman Albert V. Mason, who had written the Brooklyn's log for the period covering the Santiago campaign, to testify. Mr. Mason explained the erasures in the log entry referring to the Brooklyn's turn on the day of the battle off Santiago. He was followed by George E. Graham, who, as an Associated Press correspondent was with Commodore Schley during the campaign.

Mr. Graham's testimony covered all the principal events of the campaign and discussed especially the bombardment of the Spanish ship Colon on May 31st, and the battle of Santiago on July 3rd. Mr. Graham testified to hearing a conversation between Commodore Schley and Captain Sigsbee when the latter came aboard the flagship Brooklyn off Santiago May 26th. He said that he had distinctly heard Captain Sigsbee tell the commodore the Spanish fleet was not inside the harbor at Santiago. Mr. Graham also stated that Admiral Schley had told him that the object of the bombardment of May 31st was to develop the Spanish batteries on shore, and he said that the range was fixed at 7,000 or 7,500 yards in order to draw their fire.

The witnesses for the afternoon were Dennis J. Cronin, who was Admiral Schley's orderly, and who testified along the same line with Mr. Graham to the conversation with Captain Sigsbee; Lieutenant Commander Wm. R. Rush, who said he thought the Viscaya had planned to ram the Brooklyn; Lieut. Edward Simpson, who gave a very graphic picture of the battle of July 3d, and Lieut. Edward T. Fitzgerald, an assistant engineer, who was on duty in the fire room on July 3d, and who testified that an order had been given early in the action to stand by for a ram.

Lieut. Wells was questioned concerning the department orders concerning the risking of the American ships to bombardment from shore batteries.

The first of the orders of this character stated that "the department does not wish the vessels of your squadron to be exposed to the fire of the batteries at Havana, Santiago or other strongly fortified ports in Cuba," and the others were regarded as modifications of these. In the last of these, dated May 6th, the department said "the department is perfectly willing that you should expose your ships to the heaviest guns of land batteries if, in your opinion, there are Spanish vessels of sufficient military importance protected by these guns to make an attack advisable, your chief aim for the present being the destruction of the enemy's principal vessels."

In reply to questions by Captain Lemly the witness said there had been no written or printed orders of battle, but that on the day before Cienfuegos was reached some special directions were sent to the ships by the Scorpion. This was, he said, order No. 9, relating to signals in case the enemy should be sighted.

Albert V. Mason was questioned by Captain Parker and said that he had been a yeoman of second class on board the Brooklyn and had been the writer of that ship's log. The witness said that as the log giving an account of the Brooklyn's turn had been at first prepared it read:

"We engaged with port battery at first, but just as soon as the enemy stood to westward we put our helm starboard at first, then hard aport, so as to bring our starboard battery to bear and swinging clear of the Texas' fire we stood parallel with and to the enemy."

This entry had, he said, been changed later at the instance of Lieutenant Hodgson so as to make it read as it does in the permanent copy, as follows:

"As soon as the enemy stood to the westward we put our helm aport, swinging clear of the Texas, etc."

George E. Graham, the Associated Press correspondent, was then questioned concerning the conversation between Commodore Schley and Captain Sigsbee on the occasion of the captain's visit to the Brooklyn on May 26, and said:

"After Captain Sigsbee had reached the quarter deck of the gangway he stopped and Commodore Schley said to him, 'Have we got 'em Sigsbee?' Captain Sigsbee said, 'no, they are not here. I have been here for a week and they are not here.' We went aft and he continued the conversation. Commodore Schley said, 'are you sure they are not there?' He said, 'I have been very close to the harbor entrance two or three times. Captain Cotton has been in and cut a cable and they are not there.' Captain Sigsbee later took a dispatch written by me and vised by Commodore Schley. He took it aboard his ship and he was to deliver it to one of the small boats or else take it over himself."

"And Captain Sigsbee took that dispatch?"

"Yes, sir. It was open. It detailed the fact that the fleet was not there."

When witness asked permission to go aboard the Massachusetts Schley said that they did not intend to do anything except find out what the batteries consisted of.

"Now tell me regarding the conversation between Commodore Schley and Captain Higginson."

"There was some discussion about what the Spanish fleet had brought with them. A report was current that they had brought arms and ammunition for the defence of Havana and there also was discussion as to whether they had had time to mount them or whether from any ships in the harbor prior to the arrival of the fleet they had taken any large guns and mounted them. The two officers smoked their cigars and chatted over it. Commodore Schley said his idea was to go in to about 7,000 or 7,500 yards and fire, simply to draw their fire. So far as I remember, Captain Higginson acquiesced in that. Later Mr. Potts came in."

"Were you in the presence of Commodore Schley during the whole of this reconnoisance on the Massachusetts?"

"Only part of the time. At times I was behind the conning tower and he was on the other side of it."

"Did you see Lieut. Potts on board the Massachusetts?"

"He came into the pilot house during the conversation and took part in it."

At this point Mr. Rayner read to the witness a portion of the testimony given by Mr. Potts wherein he had referred to the conversat on between Commodore Schley and Captain Higginson as to going in for the bombardment, and asked:

"Were you present at any conversation at all between Commodore Schley and Lieutenant Potts, or were you present at any time when Commodore Schley made any remarks during each time Potts was present?"

"No, sir. I followed them right out of the pilot house and down to the conning tower. I did not hear any conversation of that kind."

"Then you don't know anything about the conversation about which Potts has testified that the commodore said: 'Gentlemen, we are very conspicuous objects here, let's get out of it.'"

"I never heard such conversation."

The witness said he was with the commodore during the whole reconnoissance and did not hear either of the alleged conversations.

"The commodore," witness said, "stood all the time on the side of the fire so that he could see what was going on. He was absolutely cool and sent continuous messages to the men to cheer them up. When Ellis' head was shot off he wiped some of the blood from his own person, and as the men picked the body up to throw it overboard, while the rest of us stood horrified, he calmly said, 'don't throw that body overboard. Take it below and we'll give it a Christian burial.' When the Viscaya went ashore the commodore went into the conning tower and himself called down the tube to the men below, 'They are all gone but one; it all depends on you, boys.'"

"Did you see the Oregon," asked Mr. Rayner.

"Very distinctly. I saw her coming up about the time we were beginning to get scared. The Brooklyn was fighting alone three of the Spanish ships when suddenly I saw in the distance a white line which soon developed into the Oregon." That, he said, occurred about the time the Oquendo went ashore.

"Did you ever see Commodore Schley when he appeared to be laboring under any mental excitement."

"Oh, no! He was jovial and good natured at all times and I did not observe the least trace of excitement or anxiety except at one time. That was when it looked as if the Colon might get away. He expressed fear that that might occur and seemed much concerned. I remember that he discussed with Captain Cook the advisability of stopping to couple his engines before dark, fearing that if postponed until later the Spaniards might get away."

At this point, Mr. Rayner began an examination of the witness concerning a conversation reported to have taken place between Commodore Schley and Captain Evans of the Iowa, after the battle, but before the examination had gone far it was objected to by Captain Lemly. "Were you," asked Mr. Rayner, "present at any conversation between Captain Evans and Commodore Schley?"

"Yes, sir, in the commodore's cabin on the Brooklyn on July 5th," Mr. Graham responded. "When Evans came in the first thing he said was, 'Schley, did you see Jack Phillip run away with the Texas?' and Commodore Schley said, 'No, neither did you.'"

Admiral Dewey (addressing counsel)—"One moment. Poor Phillip is not present, you know."

Mr. Rayner—"That has gone in in Captain Evans' testimony."

Captain Lemly—"In cross-examination something in regard to it has gone in. I cannot see what bearing it has."

Mr. Rayner—"We do not want to prove anything about what Captain Phillip said. This is a conversation at which Commodore Schley was present."

Captain Lemly—"You propose to contradict what you drew out in cross-examination?"

Mr. Rayner—"Why, of course."

After some further argument the court retired for the consideration of the point raised. After being out for twenty minutes, the members returned and Admiral Dewey announced the decision in the following terms:

"The court decides that the questions intended to impugn the credibility of a witness; intended to prove any point regarding the movements of the Brooklyn during the battle of July 3rd; intended to prove any statements made by Commodore Schley or conversations held with Commodore Schley, which have a material bearing upon the matters designated by the precept, are admissible, provided such conversations or statements occurred in the presence of and within the hearing of the witness."

Mr. Rayner then reiterated his question, asking him to repeat the conversation, which Mr. Graham did as follows:

"Captain Evans came into the cabin. I sat at a round table there. Commodore Schley got up and shook hands with Capt. Evans, and the latter said, 'Schley did you see Phillip turn around and run out of the fight?'"

"The commodore said, 'No, neither did you. He did not run out of the fight.'"

"Captain Evans said, 'Oh, he did; I saw him.' Captain Evans said he was in the next ship and saw him. The commodore said, 'It was not the Texas at all. The Texas was in the fight all the time. The ship you saw turn around was the Brooklyn.'"

When the court began its afternoon session Mr. Rayner announced that he had no more questions to ask Mr. Graham, and Captain Lemly announced that he had no questions to ask. Mr. Graham said in reply to questions by the court that during the conversation between Sigsbee and Commodore Schley the squadron was heading toward Santiago, and that during the battle of Santiago he had heard no conversation between the Commodore and Lieut. Hodgson.

Lieut. Edward Simpson said he had seen Commodore Schley several times during the engagement of July 3rd, but he remembered him especially as he stood when the Viscaya went ashore. "He was," said the witness, "leaning against the turret in the most natural position, holding his gloves in his arms."

"What was his deportment and bearing?"

"It was that of a brave man, self-possessed, alert to his duties and encouraging to officers and men to do their duty."

Lieutenant Edward P. Fitzgerald, assistant engineer on the Brooklyn, said that he was in the fire-room during the battle and that there were several orders. One of these, given at the beginning of the engagement, was to "stand by for a ram or collision at quarters."

Court adjourned for the day.

DANGEROUSLY ILL.

Judge Reagan, the Only Survivor of President Davis' Cabinet.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DALLAS, TEXAS, Oct. 22.—Private telegrams received here from Palestine, Texas, state that Judge J. B. Reagan, chairman of the Texas State railway commission and the only survivor of the Confederate cabinet of President Jefferson Davis, is dangerously ill at his home in Palestine. Judge Reagan is 85 years of age.

THEATRE PANIC IN LOUISVILLE.

Scores of People Were Knocked Down and More Than Twenty Badly Hurt.

CRY OF FIRE WAS RAISED.

Women and Children Made a Rush for the Doors, Fell and Were Trampled Upon. Cause of Panic Was Blowing Out of Fuse on Polyscope.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Oct. 22.—Hundreds of people attempted to rush out of the Temple theatre this afternoon because the cry of fire was raised, when a little flame was seen about the polyscope machine. In the scramble, scores of people were knocked down and more than twenty were badly hurt.

It was about 3:30, just after the first act of "Tennessee's Pardner," and while the polyscope was being prepared for its exhibition that the little flash of flame came that caused the panic. Many women and children made a rush for the door. The panic seized the gallery and in a moment the occupants were plunging down the stairway in a heap or were taking the swifter method of climbing down into the auditorium proper. In their haste, many fell, landing on those beneath. Several were badly hurt in this way.

Meanwhile those who had regained their presence of mind endeavored to stop the mad rush. The ushers and theatre attaches acted with great coolness. The orchestra played and a member of the stock company danced. This was effective in quieting those nearest the stage. The great crush occurred where the stairs came down from the gallery. Here the two crowds met and were packed in a space not large enough for half of them and all were trying with a desperation born of fear to reach the street. The weaker were soon knocked down and trampled under foot. Those who realized the state of affairs were trying their best to check the rush, but the crowd went on pell mell through the doors and literally rolled down the long flight of stairs.

As soon as the rush was over the care of the injured began. A big room was converted into a temporary hospital. The greatest haste was made in removing the injured from the building in order to prevent a panic when the audience was dismissed. Every patrol wagon and ambulance in the city was soon engaged in conveying the more seriously injured to the hospitals or their homes. The members of the stock company showed the greatest presence of mind and the play was finished without a hitch.

Thirty policemen promptly prevented disorder after the panic.

Clarence Meffert, an attache of the theatre, closed the wide exit doors as the rush began. He called a number of men and by main force held the crowd back. But for this hundreds might have been injured. Just as the doors were closed Mrs. O. W. Blunt pitched her four-year-old son through the exit to a policeman. He caught it in his arms, but it slipped to the floor, sustaining, however, no injuries except slight bruises.

There was no damage from fire. It is said the cause of the flames was the blowing out of a fuse on the polyscope.

INSURRECTION IN SAMAR.

Advices From Admiral Rogers — Naval Force Concentrated on Samar Patrol.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—The Navy Department has received the following cablegram from Rear Admiral Rogers:

CAVITE, October 22.—To Secretary Navy, Washington—Active insurrection in Samar. New York leaves today for Cathalogan with 300 marines, to return to Basey and Balangiga, to co-operate with the army. Nearly all the naval force is concentrated on the Samar patrol. Services of Arethusa and Zafiro, two colliers needed, are being utilized.

(Signed) ROGERS.

Naval officials construe the dispatch to mean that the New York will go first to Cathalogan and then to Basey and Balangiga, landing detachments of marines at each point.

Gen. Chaffee's Report.

MANILA, Oct. 22.—General Chaffee does not expect to hear of any extensive engagement in the Island of Samar. He believes the operations there will not result in an open fight. It is hard to find armed Filipinos, but every man without occupation will be compelled to go into a town.

The object of the reinforcement of American troops now being pushed forward is to increase all the garrisons to thirty-eight men. Some of them have until recently numbered only eight men. The reinforcements will also allow the detailing of a working force to operate in the field, hunting for insurgents.

Gen. Wheaton reports that a band of Bolomen has entered Tarlac province, Island of Luzon, through Bulangan province, and that the men composing it are distributing inflammatory bulletins which are also posted on the church doors, warning the people to prepare to take the field in January. Some of the friendly natives were informed by Bolomen that various bands of armed natives would shortly concentrate in the vicinity of Rosles

HOMICIDE AT PINE BLUFF.

One of the Oldest and Wealthiest Citizens Shot and Killed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PINE BLUFF, ARK., Oct. 22—Carl Stubblefield, one of the oldest and wealthiest residents of this city, was shot and instantly killed this afternoon by Myer Solmsen, formerly city editor of the *Daily Graphic*. The shooting, it is said, was the result of an attack made by Stubblefield on Solmsen Monday concerning an article Solmsen was alleged to have written while doing newspaper work. Stubblefield has a brother in New York.

The anti-Tammany organisations held a large meeting in New York city last night. Seth Low, candidate for mayor, and other fusion speakers made addresses, but the principal one was by Carl Schurz who on this occasion made his entrance into the campaign.

The Groebeck, Texas, cotton seed oil mill was burned last night. Loss $85,000; insurance $40,000.

For Croup use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

LEON F. CZOLGOSZ.

The Assassin of President McKinley Awaiting Electrocution—Asks for Spiritual Consolation.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

AUBURN, N. Y., Oct. 22.—Leon F. Czolgosz, the assassin of President McKinley, who is awaiting electrocution in the prison here during the week commencing next Monday, realizing that his death now is but a question of a few days, has asked for spiritual consolation and this afternoon received a visit from Rev. T. Szadinski, a Polish priest of the Roman Catholic Church.

Czolgosz's request for a priest of his own nationality was made known to Warden Mead in the morning. Father Szadinski, who is pastor of St. Stanislaus church, Rochester, was in this city, attending the forty hours devotions of St. Alphonsus church, and was asked to visit the prisoner. This afternoon he went to the prison and remained there about an hour.

The interview between priest and prisoner proved very unsatisfactory to both. It took place in the condemned man's cell and the conversation was carried on in Polish. During the interview Czolgosz said that he had been baptised in the Roman Catholic faith in the Polish church in Detroit. He had abandoned the church early in life and had lost all faith in its teachings. Father Szadinski urged him to renounce his belief in anarchy and return to the faith of his early years. Czolgosz declared his inability to do so, and he was informed that unless he could, the consolation of the church would be denied him. The priest urged the condemned man to consider the matter carefully, and told him that if at any time he decided to re-embrace the faith he would return from his home in Rochester and stay with him until the end.

Father Szadinski, before taking his departure left with Czolgosz some Catholic literature printed in Polish, and also some emblems of the church. Czolgosz assured Father Szadinski if he determined to accept the offices of religion he would send for him, but he did not hold out much hope that he would renounce doctrines of anarchy.

WARM WIRELETS.

John Pearl, a white farmer of Brown county, Texas, was hanged at Coleman, Texas, yesterday for the murder of Edward Tucker in December last.

It is reported from Sofia, Bulgaria, that Madame Tsilka, the companion of Miss Stone, the American missionary captured by brigands, died recently in captivity.

John Tate, who is alleged to have fatally stabbed his uncle, Nathaniel Tate, at Kingsport, Tenn., last week, was caught yesterday by Sheriff Armstrong.

Frederick Archer, organist of Carnegie Music Hall and one of the best known musicians of the country, died at his home in Pittsburg, Pa., yesterday, of cancer of the stomach, aged 65 years.

Arrangements have been completed for the James W. Elwell & Co.'s line of steamships to run between Savannah, Fernandina and New York. The principal freight at first will be lumber.

The Pan-American conference in the city of Mexico was formally opened yesterday afternoon by Hon. Ignacio Mariscal, minister of foreign relations who made the opening address.

A dispatch from Glasgow says: Sir Thomas Lipton has already taken a step towards a third contest for the American trophy. Mr. Fife has expressed his willingness to design a challenger for 1903.

At Columbus, Miss., last night, George Galvin, a young man, shot and killed Captain Willis Harris. The cause of the deed is not known. Captain Harris was a prominent citizen and a gallant Confederate soldier.

The controversy over the award of a contract for the construction of a dredge for use in the improvement of Cumberland Sound has been settled by the acting secretary of war in favor of George A. Gilchrist, of Belfast, Me., at his bid of $150,000.

A London dispatch says Sir Redvers Buller has been relieved from command of the First Army Corps, in consequence of the speech he made October 10th after the luncheon given in his honor by the King's Royal Rifles. He has been placed on half pay and Gen. French has been appointed to succeed him.

Marie Josephine Eastwick, the young Philadelphia woman who was committed for trial in London, Eng., on the charge of having forged a railroad certificate to the value of $10,000, was arraigned yesterday and plead guilty. Sentence was postponed in order to allow an examination to be made as to the prisoner's sanity.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Call at Greer's Gallery, 116 Market street. To introduce my work I will make Photographs this week at reduced prices. oct 22 3t

Notice—I have just received car of Jamaica Bananas. Also Mountain Apples, Cabbage, Butter, Potatoes, Onions and all kinds of country produce. A. S. Winstead, 115 North Second street oct 4 tf

The Very finest Fish, Oysters, Game and Country Produce for sale daily. Jno. S. Harriss, Front Street Market. Bell 'Phone 426. mar 1 tf

Buggies, Farm and Delivery Wagons, Carts, Drays, Harness of all grades, Whips, Lap Robes, Blankets and Storm Covers at very low prices. Repairing of all kinds done. Blacksmith and Harness shops Third street, opposite Court House. P. H. Hayden. dec 30 tf

Land for sale—We have desirable tracts of land for sale in counties of Robeson, Bladen, Pender, Columbus, N. C., and Horry and Marion S. C. The Worth Co. oct 23 tf

Choice Timothy Hay, Clover Hay, Straw, fresh ground Meal, Pearl Hominy, Flour, Grain and everything in the Feed line for horses, cows and chickens. John S. McEachern Sons, 221 Market street. Telephones No. 98. 1y 8 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 4 tf

THE BEST PAPER PUBLISHED

In the United States for Democrats and for ALL readers is the

Twice-a-Week Courier-Journal.

The equal of many dailies and the superior of all other semi-weeklies or weeklies. Issued Wednesday and Saturday. 104 copies a year and you get it for only

$1.00 A YEAR.

The Wednesday issue is devoted to News Matters, the Saturday issue to Home Matters. A liberal commission to agents. Sample copies cheerfully sent free to all who will ask for them. Write to

COURIER-JOURNAL CO.

Louisville, Ky

jan 3 tf

REPORT

OF THE CONDITION OF THE ATLANTIC National Bank at Wilmington, in the State of North Carolina, at the close of business, September 30th, 1901.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$1,094 928 38
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		999 66
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		98,100 00
U. S. Bonds to secure U. S. Deposits		172,800 00
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures		23,000 00
Other Real Estate		10,400 00
Due from National Banks (not Reserve Agents)		77,983 11
Due from State Banks and Bankers		103,640 37
Due from approved reserve agents		47,698 59
Notes of other National Banks	2,800 00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	909 85	
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz:		
Specie	11,167 00	
Legal tender notes	116,738 00—127,915 85	131,817 85
Redemption fund with U. S. Treas'r (5 per cent. of circulation)		2,950 00
Total		$1,768,811 96

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in		$ 125,000 00
Surplus fund	$ 50,000 00	
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	25,472 84	145,472 84
National Bank notes outstanding		96,100 00
Due to other National Banks	25,790 51	
Due to State Banks and Bankers	250,854 92	
Dividends unpaid	1,404 00	
Individual deposits subject to check	776,596 71	
Demand certificates of deposit	58,613 17	
Cashier's checks outstanding	13,779 11	
Unified States deposits	179,800 00	1,306,699 42
Total		$1,768,611 96

State of North Carolina, county of New Hanover, ss.:

I, Andrew Moreland, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

ANDREW MORELAND, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 4th day of October, 1901.

W. C. ARMSTRONG, Notary Public.

CORRECT—Attest:

JUNIUS DAVIS,
C. W. YATES,
D. L. GORE,
} Directors.

oct 8 tf

300 Cheese.

100 Boxes Tobacco.

200 Sacks Coffee.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

sep 3 tf 18 Market street.

WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.

On and after Monday, September 23rd, 1901, the schedule on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Wrightsville.
2 30 P. M.	8 15 A. M.
6 30 P. M.	5 15 P. M.

SUNDAY TRAIN.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Wrightsville.
2 30 P. M.	5 15 P. M.
6 30 P. M.	

Freight must be prepaid and will be carried on the 8.30 P. M. train only.

R. O. GRANT, Superintendent.

sep 22 tf

Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as Administrator of the estate of James S. Daggett, deceased, this is to notify all persons indebted to the deceased to make immediate payment to me, or my authorized agent, Walter H. Daggett, and all persons to whom he was indebted will present their claims to me, properly proven, before the 10th day of September, 1902, or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery.

This the 10th day of September, 1901.

MRS. E. H. DAGGETT, Administrator James S. Daggett.

sep 11 6t we

Maxton Building and Loan Association,

MAXTON N. C

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, MAXTON.
ED. MCRAE, MAXTON.
A. J. MCKINNON, MAXTON.
G. B. PATTERSON, MAXTON.
J. B. WEATHERLY, MAXTON.
W. H. BERNARD, WILMINGTON.
M. G. MCKENZIE, MAXTON.

Initiation fee, 25 cents per share.
Subscriptions to stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per share.
The management is prudent and economical as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars. J. D. CROOM President.

OLD NEWSPAPERS.

You Can Buy Old Newspapers in Quantities to Suit, at the STAR OFFICE

Suitable for Wrapping Paper and Excellent for Placing Under Carpet

NEWS AND OPINIONS of National Importance.

THE SUN ALONE CONTAINS BOTH.

Daily, by mail, $6 a year
Daily and Sunday, by mail, $8 a year

The Sunday Sun

THE GREATEST SUNDAY NEWSPAPER IN THE WORLD.

Price 5c a copy. By mail, $2 a year

Address THE SUN, New York.

A GRAND SUCCESS

Our expectancy has been fully satisfied. Let me thank my many out-of-town friends in this ad for their unusually liberal patronage this week.

Our Store Has Been a General Meeting Place.

Everybody has been made Welcome.

Our many customers have taxed our abilities to the utmost. We trust we have given each one satisfaction, and we know we have given them good values. Now the grand gala week is over, we propose to sell goods cheap this week. We don't propose to let business lag; prices will talk. 1,000 yards Shirting, one yard wide, this week at 4c per yard. Will sell 1,000 yards good quality, yard wide Bleaching, for 5c per yard this week; 500 yards ten-quarter Sheeting at 17c per yard; 1,000 yards of the best Calicos for 4½c; 1,000 yards Pee Dee Plaids at 4½c; 50 dozen men's heavy Fleeced Shirts and Drawers for 37c each, worth 50c. Men's heavy weight Shirts at 19c each. Men's Double-Seat Canton Flannel Drawers, extra double-faced, for 23c each; 1,000 men's and boys' Hats, assorted styles, worth from 50c to 75c each; my price 38c; 95 boys' Hats, banded and ready to wear, not 25c, but 10c each; 50 men's and boys' Caps, slightly damaged by water, worth from 15c to 25c; my price 10c each.

A special thing in Men's Corduroy Caps, new shape, worth 50c, my price 33c. Girls' and Boys' School Caps for 15c. All wool Eiderdown for infants and Ladies' Sacques assorted colors, worth 40c, for 29c per yard. Eighty-five Ladies' Underskirts with flounces and ruffles, slightly soiled, worth $1, for 48c. One-hundred fine mercerized waists, tucked and pleated, worth $1 each, for 48c. One hundred rolls Matting just received. We have all grades from 10c per yard up to 25c. One hundred Children's Reefers, trimmed in braid, regular price $1.50, special price $1. A big drive in fancy wings, all colors and new goods, for 5c each. Ladies' Fur Collarettes with six tails 98c each.

A big stock of nice furs for fall, all grades up to $10 each. One hundred new trunks received to-day to sell from $2 up to $15. We sell good trunks and sell them cheap. If you need a trunk look at our line. A nice line of white flannels from 18c per yard up to 40c, all grades, also red flannels cheap. A lot of new overcoats cheap, from $1.98 up. We are agents for Sweet, Orr & Co.'s overalls for 90c instead of $1. Table oil cloth at 15c per yard, worth 25c. Crash for towels not 5c but 3c per yard.

Twenty-five dozen opaque Linen Shades in seconds, 5 feet long and 3 feet wide, with fixtures complete, two shades for 29c; twenty dozen Shades, with heavy fringe; same shade has been selling at 35c; now 25c.

Millinery—In our Ladies' Hat Department our store is piled up with new and pretty goods. Our Ladies' Hats have had a big run this week. We trim all hats free that we sell hats and materials for. With the assistance of fifteen nice, polite young ladies, with Miss Alma Brown at the head, we are in a position to give you the best values of any house in the State. Our hats are pretty and the price is low. Come and buy your hats from us. We punch cards with all cash purchases and are giving away lots of presents free.

Geo. O. Gaylord, Proprietor,

Wilmington's Big Racket Store,

On Front Street near Postoffice.

We guarantee to give satisfaction or money refunded. oct 20 tf

Rehder's Rehder's

Capes and Jackets.

We will offer this week great values in our Cape and Jacket Department. Mention just a few of them here.

Children's Black Capes, with Fur Collars, 25 cents.

Children's Jackets in dark colors, just the thing for school wear, with sailor collars and fancy braid trimming for $1.00.

A very pretty child's Reefer in blue, red and green, with large sailor collars, trimmed with white braid, $2.98.

Misses Box Jackets in new tan shades with velvet collars, the latest thing this season for $3.50.

Our $10 Ladies' Sack, back and box front Jackets in all the new shades for $8.98.

Also a Ladies' $6.50 Jacket, made in same style as above, for a few days, $4.98.

Our $1.25 Ladies' Plush Cape, with fancy lining for 98c.

A 50c Ladies' Black Cape for 39c.

$1.50 Fur Trimmed Black Beaver Capes, astrachan front, $1.00.

Seventy-five Black Fur Collars with six tails, worth $1.50, our price 89c. Our $3.50, $3.75 and $4.00 Collars are great values. We only have a few left; the prices have moved lots of them last week.

Ask to be shown our magnificent lines of $1.25, $1.50, $5 and $7 Collarettes. Their equal cannot be found elsewhere.

J. H. REHDER & CO.

615, 617 and 619 North Fourth Street.

Car fare to those who purchase $2.00 or more. oct 20 tf

THIS IS THE WAY WE MADE AND THE WAY WE KEEP OUR REPUTATION.

Full Weight AND Full Measure.

Send us your orders for

High Grade Coal and Wood.

PRICES GUARANTEED.

J. A. Springer & Co.

oct 15 tf

November 1st.

Money deposited with us now will bear interest from November 1st, at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, compounded quarterly. Do not put off making your deposit, but do it to-day, something might happen to prevent you if you delay.

OUR MOTTO: Safety, courtesy, promptness, liberality. We solicit your account.

The People's Savings Bank,

Opposite the Postoffice.

DIRECTORS.

H. C. M'QUEEN,	J. S. ARMSTRONG,	WM. CALDER,
E. C. HOLT,	M. W. DIVINE,	ISAAC BEAR,
J. H. CHADBOURN, JR.,	J. A. SPRINGER,	M. J. CORBETT.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, Vice President.

oct 20 tf F. W. DICK, Cashier.

Wool Flannel

SUITABLE FOR SKIRTS, **10c,**

Worth Twenty.

Special Price for this Week

S. & B. SOLOMON.

oct 8 tf